



STRATEGIC PLAN

EASTERN WATER AND
SANITATION COMPANY **LTD**

2020 – 2025





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Acronyms

AGM	Annual General Meeting	O and M	Operation and Maintenance
COVID-19	Corona Virus Disease 2019	SDG	Sustainable Development Goals
CU	Commercial Utility	SWOT	Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats
EWSC	Eastern Water and Sanitation Company Ltd	WARMA	Water Resources Management Authority
GRZ	Government of the Republic of Zambia	WASH	Water Sanitation and Hygiene
LA	Local Authority	WATSAN	Water Supply and Sanitation
NWASCO	National Water Supply and Sanitation Council	WRD	Water Resources Development
NWP	National Water Policy	WRM	Water Resources Management
NWSSP	National Water Supply and Sanitation Policy	ZABS	Zambia Bureau of Standards
PESTEL	Political, Economic, Social, Technological, Environmental	ZEMA	Zambia Environmental Management Agency

Glossary of Key Terms

Commercial Utility

An organization established under the Water Supply and Sanitation Act No 28 of 1997 that owns and operates infrastructure used for public water supply and sanitation services provision within a prescribed municipal jurisdiction (service area)

Local Authority

Council established under the Local Government Act

Non-Revenue Water

Volume of water produced by a commercial utility that does not generate any revenue despite it being inputted into the public water network system

Off-Site Sanitation

Sanitation systems in which excreta are collected from individual households, institutions, industries and public facilities and thereafter transported, treated and safely disposed into the environment through a sewage network.

On-Site Sanitation

Sanitation system in which the treatment of human excreta (sewage) takes place where it is generated.

Sanitation Service

Sewage collection, excluding untreated toxic waste and storm water, from residential, commercial or industrial sources; and the treatment and disposal of wastewater in accordance with set regulatory standards

Service Coverage

The proportion of the population serviced with water supply and sanitation services within a prescribed service area

Water Supply

The abstraction, treatment, transmission, storage and distribution of water for domestic, commercial and industrial use



FOREWORD BY THE CHAIRPERSON

I am delighted on behalf of the Board of Directors for Eastern Water and Sanitation Company (EWSC) to present the 2021 to 2025 Strategic Plan. The plan has been formulated against a background of global and national events that directly and indirectly impact our operations therefore necessitating a response.

1

The formation of the new Ministry of Water Development, Sanitation and Environmental Protection (MWDSEP) which has overarching oversight for all water supply, water resource management, sanitation and environmental management issues;

2

The realignment (and therefore expansion) of the water supply and sanitation service delivery mandate so as to include full-service provision for currently classified rural area “growth points”; and

3

The passing of the national Water Supply and Sanitation Policy in which deliberate recognition has been given to sanitation services as opposed to the former which mainly emphasized water supply and water resource management.

All these actions are no doubt aimed at substantially “accelerating universal access to clean and safe water and adequate sanitation for all in Zambia”.

From an operational point therefore, there must be a corporate level broad consensus nurtured primarily amongst the entire EWSC workforce and to a lesser extent our stakeholders which reminds us all that, much will be demanded for EWSC to realize the much-desired improvements. We must also ensure that key service delivery “good practice” hallmarks such as inclusivity, equality, operational sustainability, capacity development and a strong level of adherence to sound environmental management practices are conspicuously evident at all times without exception. These will ensure that all existing and potential customers develop “a deep sense of

ownership” which brings to bear many benefits to EWSC as a public service provider.

May I in conclusion tender on behalf of the Board of Directors our fullest appreciation to the entire management and general workforce of EWSC for their input during the development of this plan. We are confident that with this strong level of input there will be continual adherence and reference to the stated objectives and actions. Finally, special whole-hearted mention and gratitude goes to the Government of Zambia, the various local authority shareholders, the statutory regulatory authorities and our esteemed customers at large who all in unison have enabled EWSC to be the responsible institution for water supply and sanitation service provision.

Chrispin Kamuna

Thank you,

Board Chairperson Eastern Water and Sanitation Company Limited

BOARD MEMBERS



Director
Mr. Chrispin Kamuna



Director
Mr. Alex Bwalya



Director
Eng. Abraham Banda



Director
Eng. Zikhalo Mtine



Director
Mwelwa Z. Tembo

OVERVIEW STATEMENT BY THE MANAGING DIRECTOR



The plan also draws from the pronouncements and guidelines in the current national policy framework for the water supply and sanitation sector comprising the National Water Policy of 2020, the Vision 2030 and the 7th National Development Plan and the United Nations proclaimed Sustainable Development Goals which serve as a global blueprint aimed at enhancing mankind's livelihood through enhanced provision and sustainability of critical services such as water supply and sanitation. It is envisaged that with this long-term strategic approach and focus,

Public water supply and sanitation service provision remains at the core of human socio-economic development due to the impossibility of normal human activity without it. Despite the continual rapid changes experienced in the water supply and sanitation sector business environment, Eastern Water and Sanitation Company Limited has maintained a rigorously focused stance and commitment to ensure that the living standards of all its customers are uplifted through exceptional provision of safe, adequate, affordable and environmentally friendly water supply and sanitation services. Since inception, as the company has progressively grown its customer base, there has been a deliberate policy of equity and inclusivity whereby the needs of the very poor and vulnerable are purposively taken care of. However, the ever-prevalent challenge of poor and inadequate infrastructure remains an impediment that needs urgent strategic redress. It is in this vein that this strategic plan spanning the period 2021 to 2025 has been developed. It is anchored on six key strategic objectives that are all linked to the identified priority growth areas namely:

- *Good corporate governance;*
- *Excellence in service delivery;*
- *Continual growth and expansion;*
- *Financial viability;*
- *Capacity development to meet the statutory mandate; and*
- *Adherence to environmentally friendly practices.*

EWSC will be better positioned to continually provide ever-improving water and sanitation services to its entire customer base in strict adherence to the various regulatory standards and controls as set by the statutory regulatory bodies.

Eng. Aaron Mulinda
Managing Director
Eastern Water and Sanitation Company Limited

SENIOR MANAGEMENT TEAM



Eng. Aaron Mulinda
BEng. MEIZ, REng, MBA, MloDZ
Managing Director



Charity Phiri Bweupe
Dip. BA-HRAM - MEZHRM
Human Resource and
Administration Manager



Eng. December Banda
BEng, MEIZ, REng
Technical Manager



Mr. Richard Nonde
BAcc, ACCA, FZICA
Finance Manager



Mr. Silas Luhanga
ZICA Licentiate
Acting
Commercial Manager



Mrs. Chisange Maboshe
BSc CS, MICTAZ
Information Communication and
Technology Officer



Enock M. Phiri
ACCA, AZICA, MBA
Internal Auditor



Mr. Moses Nsunge
BMC; MZIPRC
Public Relations Officer



Ms. Gloria Chabu
MSc PLSCM -MZIPS
Procurement and
Supplies Officer



1.1 Background

Public water supply and sanitation service delivery in Zambia sits as one of the most critical areas required to uplift the general welfare of the populace at large. Special attention has been given to the general organization of the sector to assure a high level of efficiency and effectiveness. The responsibility of urban area water supply and sanitation services is primarily vested in Local Authorities (LAs) as outlined in the Constitution of Zambia Act No 2 Of 2016 Article 147 (2) Section „C0 stating that the functions of local authorities shall include providing “water and sanitation services limited to potable water supply systems and domestic waste-water and sewage disposal systems”. Further legislative provisions are found in the Local Government Act No 2 of 2019 Sections 10 b, c, e and k which state that, a local authority shall, in relation to sanitation and drainage:

(i) “establish and maintain sanitary services for the removal and destruction of, or otherwise dealing with, all kinds of refuse and effluent, and compel the use of those services”;

(ii) “establish and maintain drains, sewers and works for the disposal of sewage and refuse”;

(iii) “require and control the provision of drains and sewers and compel the connection of any drains and sewers established by the local authority”; and

(iv) “Provide and maintain supplies of water and, for that purpose, establish and maintain waterworks and water mains”.

The Zambian Government in the early 1990s had effected a wide scalereformation of the water sector which culminated in the passing of the then National Water Policy (NWP) in 1994. One prominent pronouncement was that of enabling local authorities to establish Commercial Utilities who would assume the delegated mandate for urban water supply and sanitation service provision. The Water Supply and Sanitation Act No 28 of 1997 Section 9(1) provides for the establishment of Commercial Utilities by Local Authorities (in accordance with provisions in the Companies Act No 10 of 2017) as follows: a. as a public or private company; b. as a joint venture with an individual or with any private or public company; c. as a joint venture with another local authority or several other local authorities; Provided that the majority shares shall be held by the local authority; and that The articles of the utility incorporated in accordance with subsection (1) shall state that the utility's primary business will be to provide water supply and sanitation services.



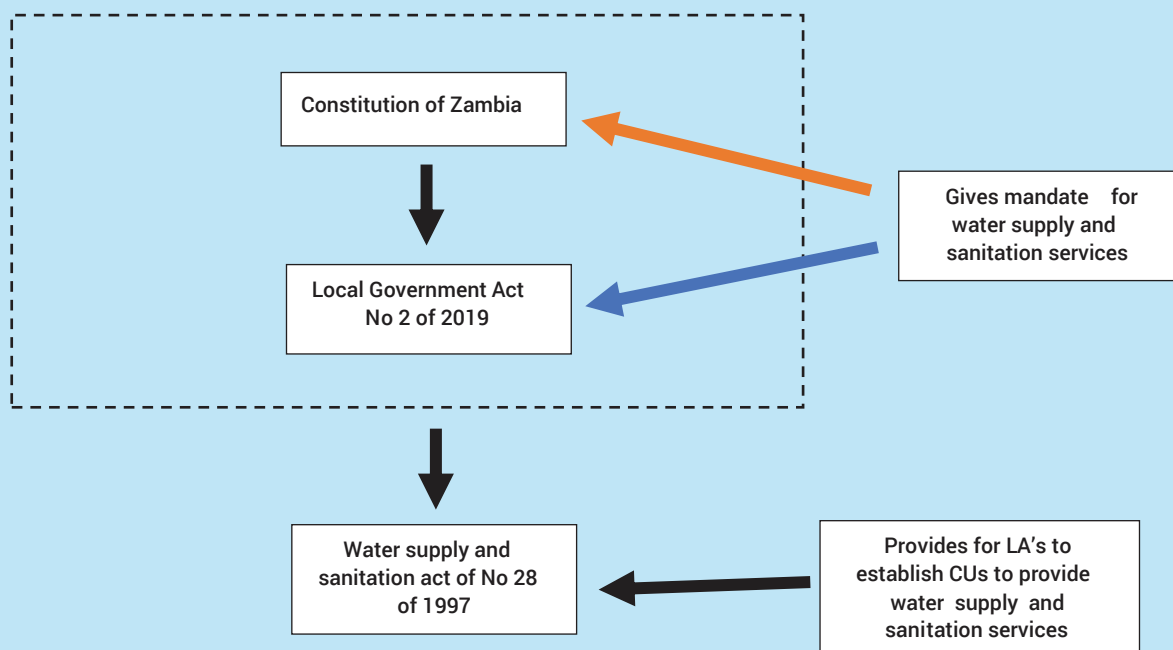


Figure 1: The delegated mandate for water and sanitation services in Zambia

The delegated mandate to CUs was primarily to ensure that the service delivery process is rendered with strict adherence to commercial principles and conform to the set regulatory standards for public service delivery articulated in the “Regulatory Tools and Minimum Service Levels Handbook” by the statutory regulator NWASCO. This would yield positive outcomes that include cost recovery for all operations, customer-oriented focus and attitudes, general operational sustainability and good governance. The Strategic Plan is a vital tool that is required by a CU to enable it to clearly identify the existing and potential threats to fulfilling its mandate on one hand and take on potential opportunities for business growth and sustainability.

It is in this plan that well thought-out actions to either mitigate against the negative identified factors or to foster operations will be articulated and regularly referred to during the life of the plan. It is against this background that the Eastern Water and Sanitation Company Ltd (EWSC) embarked on the formulation of a Strategic Plan to cover the period 2021 to 2025.



1.2 Eastern Water and Sanitation Company Limited

Eastern Water and Sanitation Company Limited (EWSC) was established as a CU to provide water supply and sanitation services to all the districts in Eastern province of Zambia. EWSC currently is responsible for providing water supply and sanitation services to 15 districts but currently servicing only 8 Districts¹. All the participating local authorities collectively own all the shares in EWSC

in accordance with the provisions in the Water Supply and Sanitation

Act No 28 of 1997.1.2.1 Governance Structure The governance structure for EWSC is segmented into two key tiers namely at policy and management levels. The policy level comprises the Board of Directors who are vested with the policy oversight function for and on behalf of the shareholders i.e., the participating local authorities.

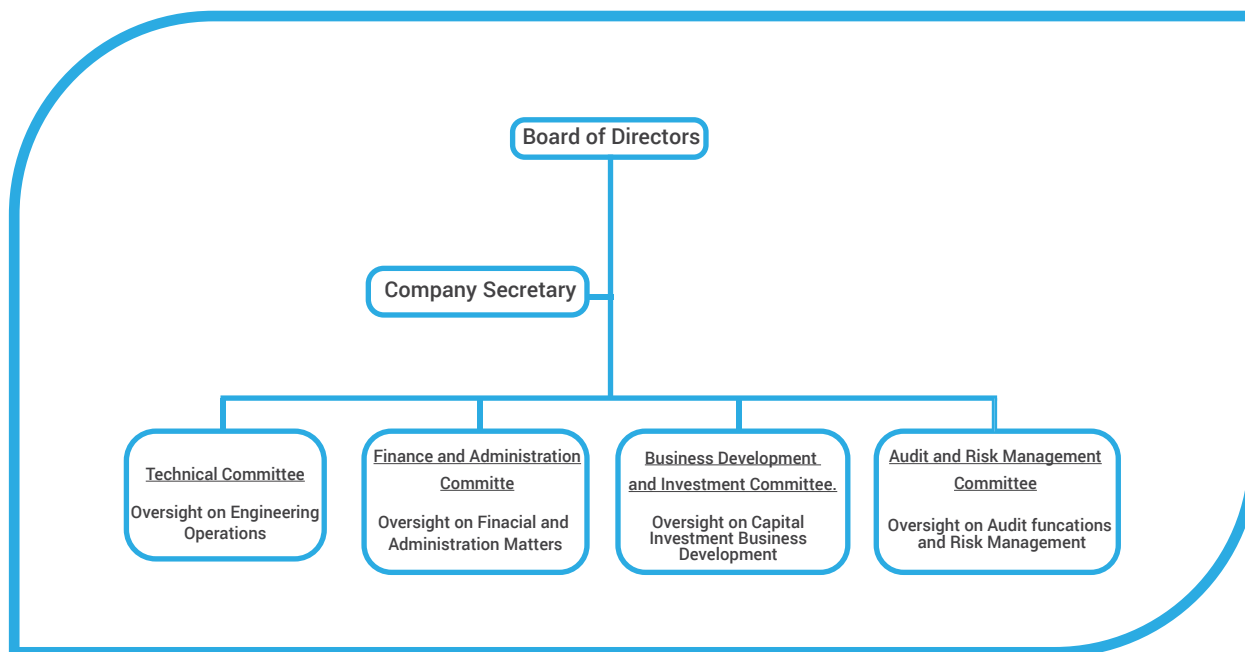


Figure 2: The Board and its Committees –

By Government decree, Chama District was transferred to the newly created Muchinga Province, but is still currently serviced by EWSC.

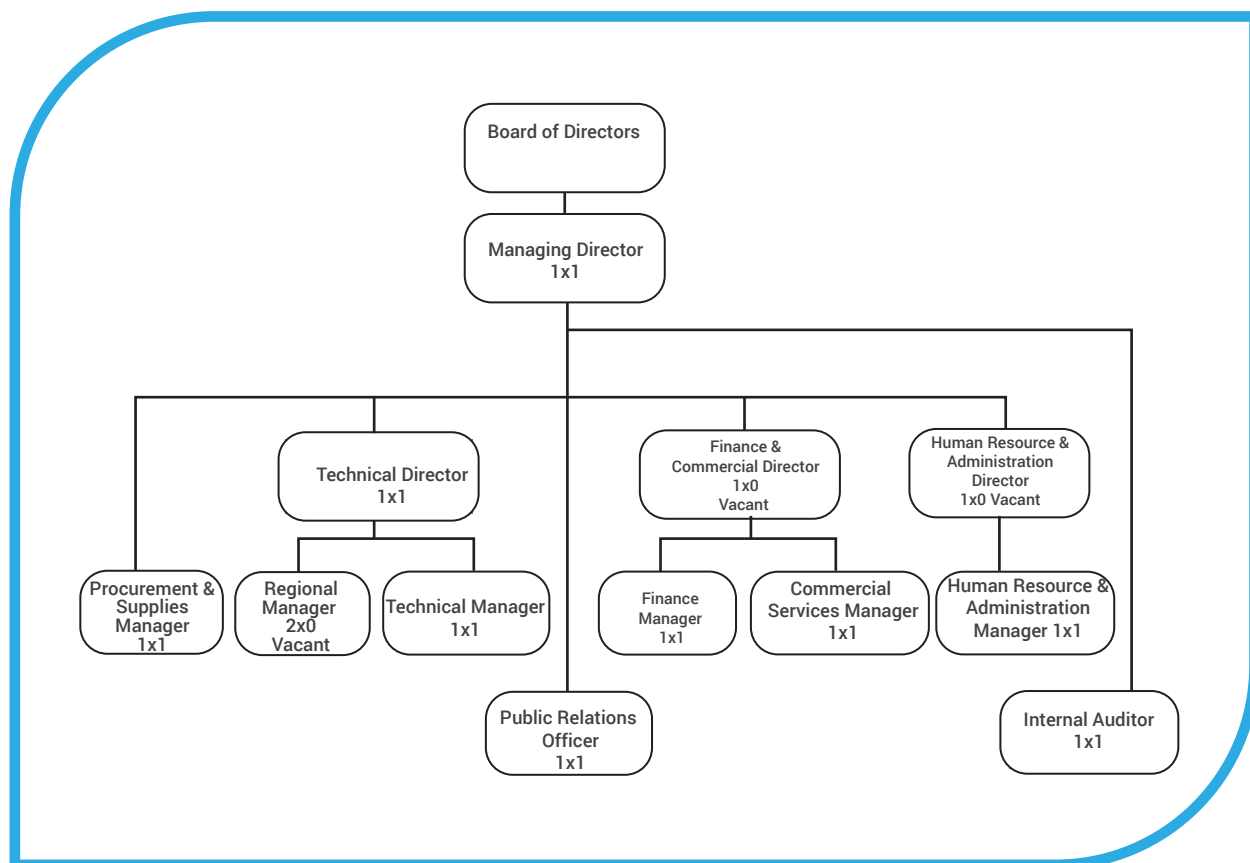


Figure 3: The Organizational Structure

1.3 The Strategic Plan

The Strategic Plan is the main framework that outlines how EWSC intends to accomplish the goals and objectives set for the planning period from 2021 to 2025. It is envisaged that when these objectives are almost or fully realized,

EWSC will have increased upon its current levels of general productivity, enhanced overall operational effectiveness and efficiency and will utilise its resources more optimally. The Strategic Plan 2021 to 2025 includes:

- **The Vision Statement;**
- **The Mission Statement;**
- **The Core Values;**
- **A detailed analysis of both the external and internal environments in which EWSC is operating**
- **The Strategic Goals and Objectives;**
- **An analysis of the prevailing and potential risks;**
- **A framework on the resources required and how and when they ought to be employed; and**
- **How the plan will be actualized.**

The development process pursued with the key steps in chronological sequence is illustrated in the figure below.

CHAPTER ONE INTRODUCTION

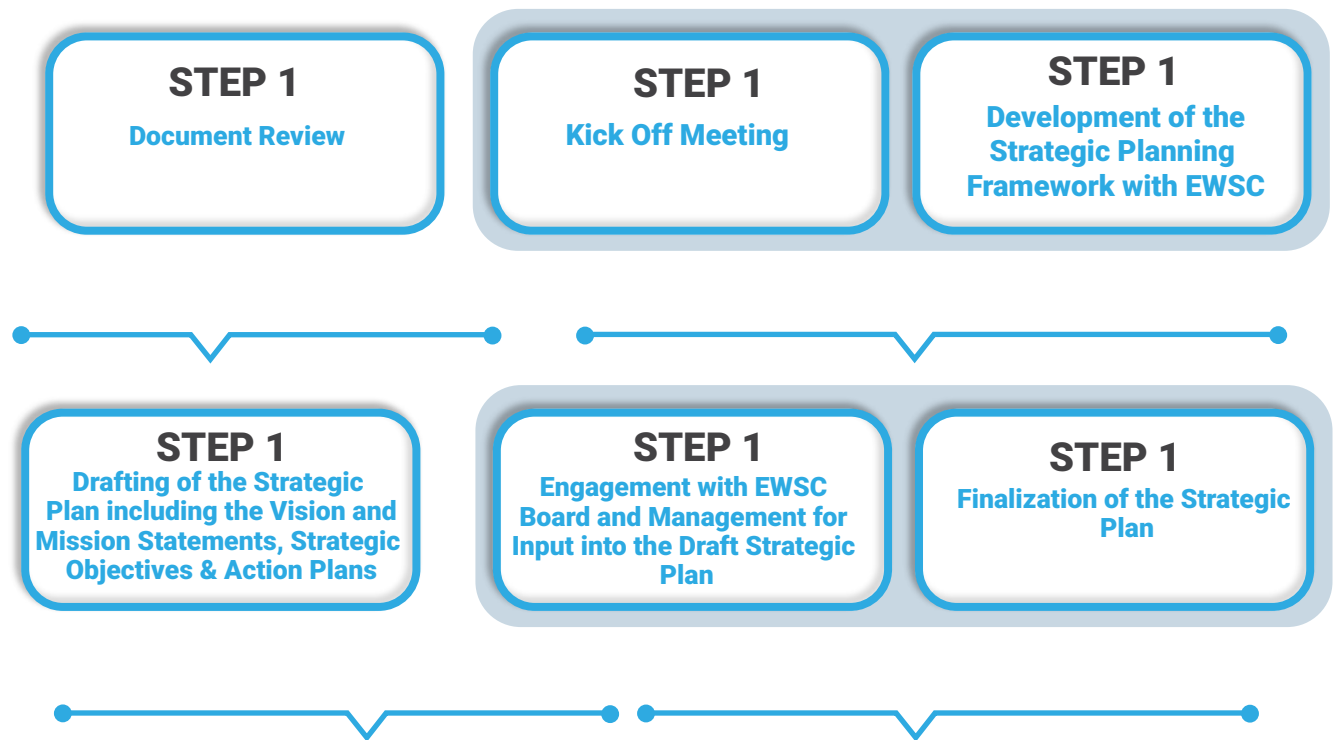


Figure 4: Development Process Diagram of the Strategic Plan 2021 to 2025

The Strategic Plan will cater for a five-year planning horizon, during which there is likely to be the need for adjustments to the initially set actions and expected outcomes. This scenario brings to the fore the need to break up the plan into more manageable units that articulate fewer activities over shorter durations with much greater detail. These plans are termed Annual Business Plans.

1.4 The Business Plan

The Business Plan for EWSC will be a detailed one-year plan in which some of the goals and objectives will be analyzed in detail in order to determine what key actions and techniques will be required. The Business Plan will therefore be anchored on the following factors:

- (i) Which goals and objectives (or part thereof) can be realistically attained during a particular financial (calendar) year?
- (ii) What will be the most appropriate techniques or methods required to achieve the specified goals realistically and economically?
- (iii) How and when will the actions using the selected techniques be sequenced and eventually employed?
- (iv) Who will be assigned the key roles and responsibilities to ensure attainment of the desired results and outcomes?
- (v) What resources i.e. human, financial and plant will be required and when?
- (vi) How will progress be monitored during the duration of the Business Plan?
- (vii) In what form and how frequently will the evaluation exercise be conducted and outcomes communicated for future improvements and effectiveness to be assured? The relationship between the Annual Business Plans and the Strategic Plan is illustrated in the figure below.

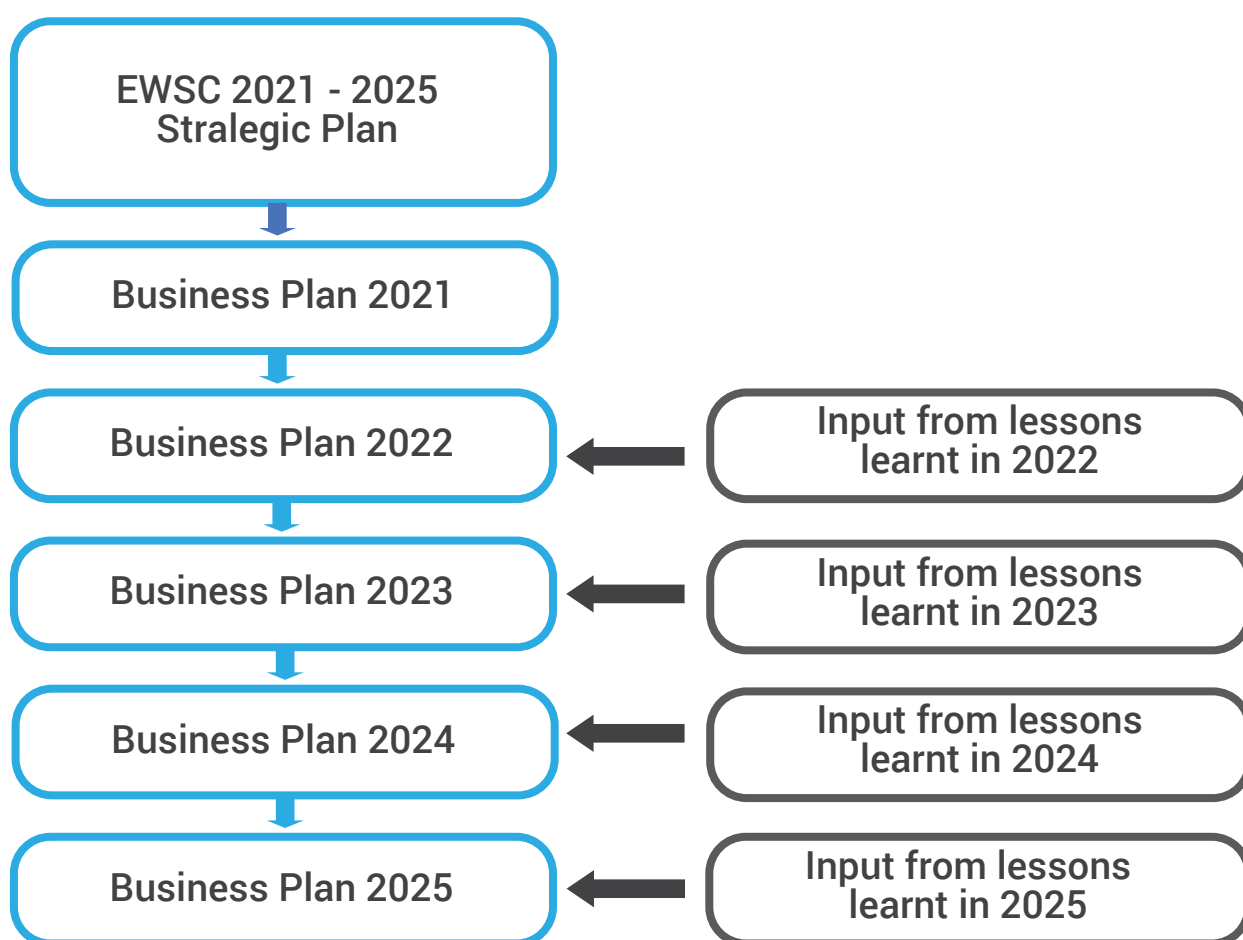


Figure 5: The Relationship between the Strategic Plan and the Annual Business Plans

The Business Plan development process will first and foremost draw from the many pronouncements included in the main Strategic Plan but will also include the lessons learnt during the implementation of activities from the preceding years.

1.5 The National Planning Framework

The Strategic Plan is guided by the many existent policy pronouncements on water supply and sanitation service delivery in Zambia today. These pronouncements are principally aimed at ensuring that there is on an on going basis, continual improvements in the levels and standards of service delivery to the public.

The Vision 2030

The national vision for Zambia is to become “A Prosperous Middle-Income Nation by 2030” where the people will be provided with “secure access to safe potable water sources and improved sanitation facilities to 100% of the population in both urban and rural areas”. Being a public service provider, EWSC is therefore expected to strive towards attainment of the service level targets set in the national vision.

The Seventh National Development Plan (7NDP)

Access to quality water supply and sanitation services by all is recognised as a vital ingredient for sustainable development to be achieved as the general populace overall productivity is enhanced on account of its positive impact on public health. The Plan advocates for development of specific strategies that will specifically address the existent water supply and sanitation service delivery challenges nationwide. It also recognises the growing trend of “raw water scarcity” which is attributed to the effects of climate change and encourages the formulation of water conservation and water-related disaster management coordination strategies.

The National Water Supply and Sanitation Policy

This policy passed in 2020 recognises the key role

that enhancing existing access levels to clean and safe water supply and sanitation services brings to bear on the overall social economic development of the country. It also articulates that the water sector in Zambia is segmented into three main sub sectors namely:

- *Water Resources Management (WRM);*
- *Water Resources Development (WRD); and*
- *Water Supply and Sanitation (WSS).*

The policy describes WSS as undertaking of measures that support the provision of adequate, safe and cost-effective water supply and sanitation services with due regard to environmental protection. Emphasis is also placed on the general improvement of hygiene practices which will drastically reduce disease occurrence through interventions including the eradication of open defecation by introducing acceptable human waste disposal facilities and creating awareness on the importance of using clean water and soap for washing.

The Sustainable Development Goals

The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) adopted by the United Nations in 2015 basically established a framework for a shared vision for peace and prosperity for all mankind. The SDGs recognize the fact that poverty and other societal deprivations can only be eliminated through the joint formulation of strategies that are targeted at improving health, education and reducing inequalities which can all accelerate economic growth and up lift living standards of the general populace.



CHAPTER TWO THE REVIEW OF THE 2018-2020 STRATEGIC PLAN

2.1 Overview and Rationale

The EWSC 2018 to 2020 Strategic Plan was developed principally drawing from the pronouncements that were contained in the Seventh National Development Plan (7NDP) (2017 to 2021) whose broad theme was to accelerate national development efforts towards the Vision 2030 without leaving anyone behind. The primary goal of the Vision 2030 is to realize the creation of a diversified and resilient economy that will enable sustained growth and socio-economic transformation. In developing the plan, specific reference was made to the following National Development Outcomes in the 7NDP

i

National Development Outcome No 3 which focused on Enhancing Human Development i.e., Improved access to water supply and sanitation;

ii

National Development Outcome No 7 which focused on Economic Diversification and Job Creation i.e., improved water resources development and management.

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2.1.1 The Vision Statement

The Vision Statement in the EWSC Strategic Plan (2018 to 2020) stated thus: "To be a Model of Excellence in Delivering Water Supply and Sanitation Services in Zambia" The main thrust of the statement is that EWSC plays an essential and exemplary role in the delivery of water supply and sanitation services to its customer base for other service providers to emulate.



2.1.2 The Mission Statement

The Mission Statement in the EWSC Strategic Plan (2018 to 2020) stated thus:

To effectively and efficiently provide safe, adequate and affordable water supply and sanitation services for the well-being of customers and the environment in Eastern Province"

The main thrust of the statement is that EWSC should strive at all times to ensure that the standards of its service provision are efficient, highly impactful, safe, affordable and environmentally friendly for all their existing and potential customers without exception.



2.1.4 The Strategic Objectives

The Strategic Objectives for the period were as outlined below:

- Strategic Objective No 1: Applying Principles of Good Corporate Governance
- Strategic Objective No 2: Excellence in Service Delivery
- Strategic Objective No 3: Strategic Service Expansion and Financial Viability
- Strategic Objective No 4: Capacity Development and Leadership

2.2 Overall Performance Review

The performance over the period 2017 to 2020 is presented and briefly evaluated in the following performance indicator subcategories:

- (i) *Water Supply Service Coverage;*
- (ii) *Sanitation Service Coverage;*
- (iii) *Operation and Maintenance Costs;*
- (iv) *Hours of Supply;*
- (v) *Non-Revenue Water;*
- (vi) *Water Standards Compliance;*
- (vii) *Metering Ratio; and*
- (viii) *Collection Efficiency*

2.1.3 The Core Values

2.1.3 The Core Values

The adopted Core Values during the period which served as the main principles upon which the operations of EWSC were anchored were:

- (i) **Excellence**
- (ii) **Teamwork**
- (iii) **Innovation**
- (iv) **Integrity**
- (v) **Accountability**

The continual adherence and application of these values contributed to service level improvements and enhancement of stakeholder confidence.



2.2.1 Water Supply Service Coverage

Water coverage represents the proportion of the population serviced by domestic connections through individual household connections, kiosks, public stand posts and shared taps.

²Year 2017 is included as a base reference

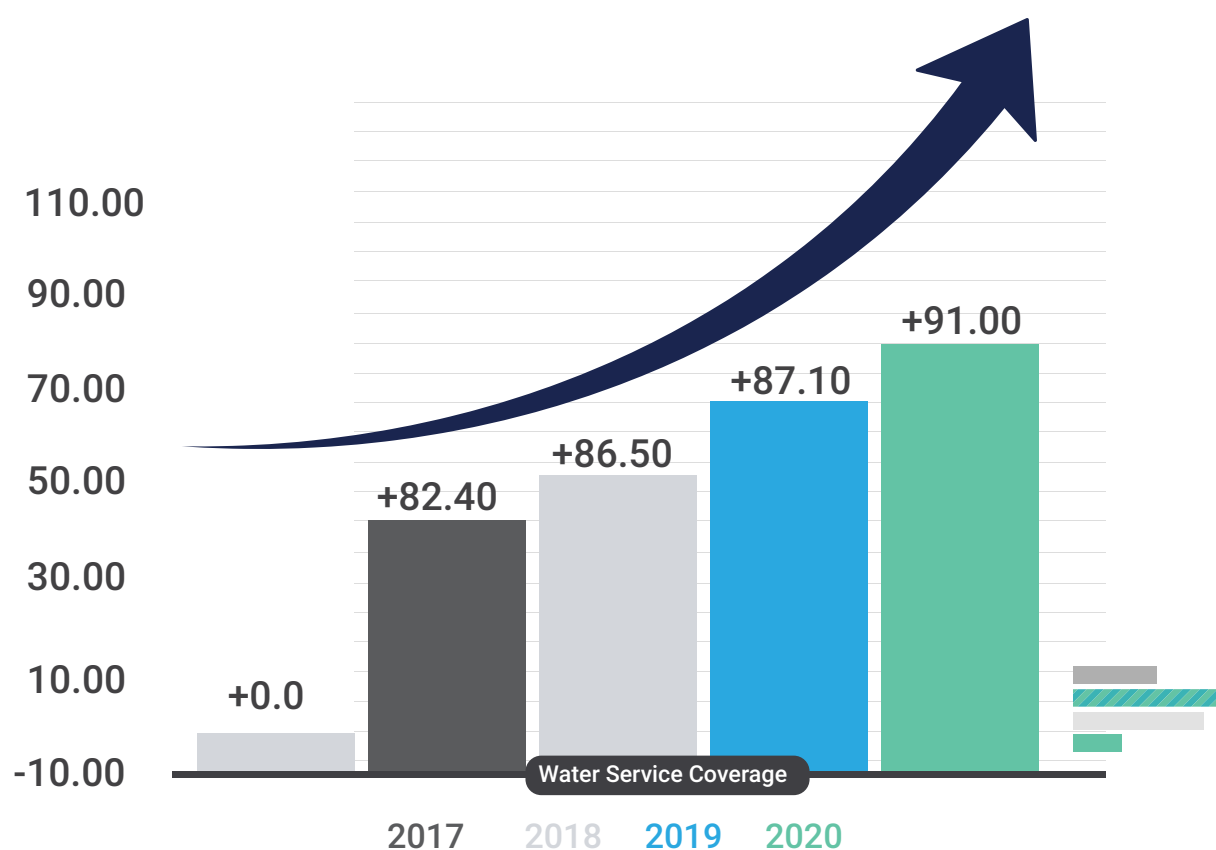


Figure 6: Percentage Changes in Water Service Coverage Levels, 2017-20

The water supply service coverage levels have exhibited a continued upward trend over the period. This was due to network extensions in peri urban areas in all the service areas and provision of kiosk vending water posts that cater for an average 1200 persons per kiosk.

2.2.2 Sanitation Coverage

Sanitation coverage for years 2017, 2018, 2019 referred to the population serviced by off-site centralized treatment systems conveyed through a sewerage network and septic tanks only. Note that the 2020 data shown includes services provided by on-site facilities such as pit latrines which are mainly utilised in low-income settlements. The new inclusion of the on-site facilities is in compliance with the expanded mandate for sanitation services.

Performance Eastern Water and Sanitation Company 2017 - 2020

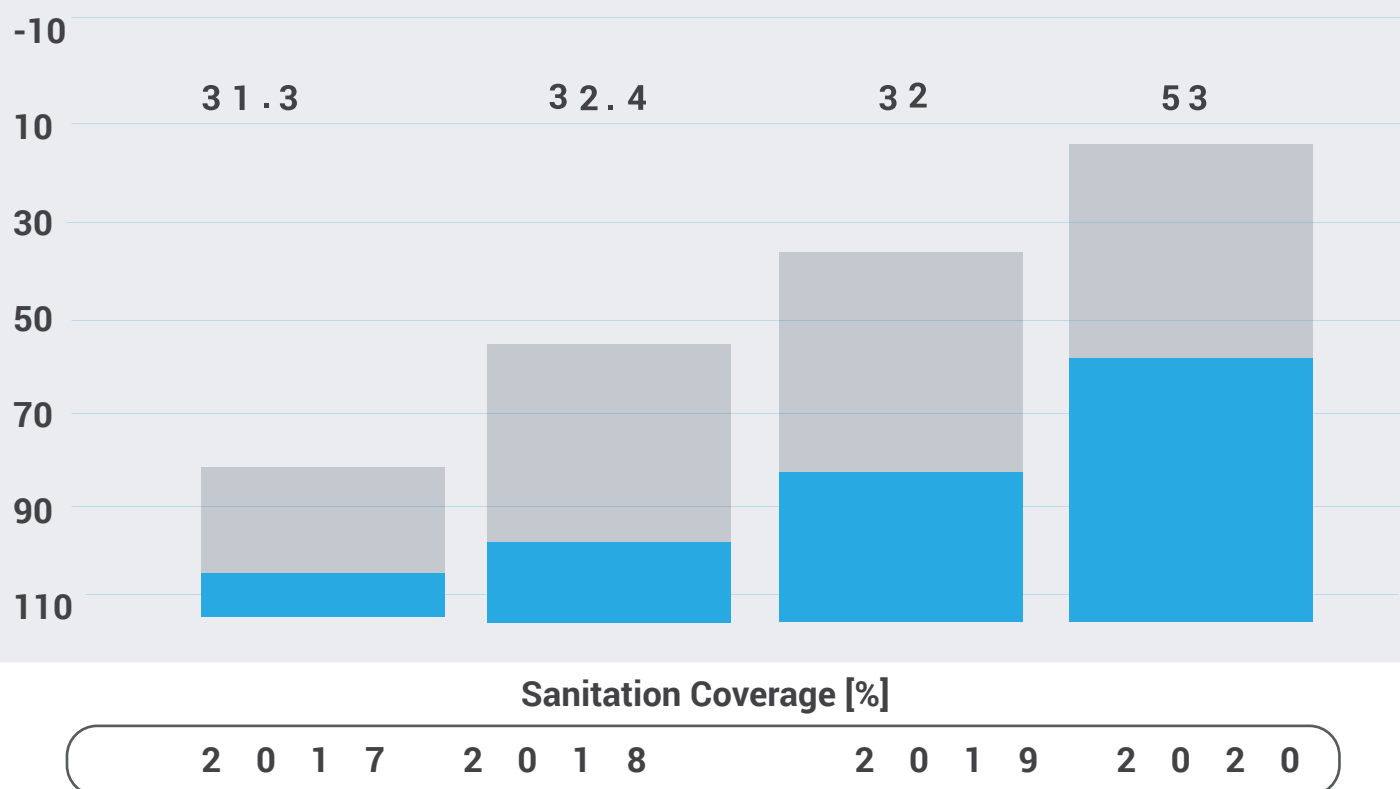


FIGURE 7:PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN SANITATION SERVICE COVERAGE, 2017-2020

The coverage has shown a marked increase due to the recently expanded mandate for utilities in Zambia which now includes responsibility for on-site sanitation. The new coverage levels now include all customers that were previously reliant on on-site sanitation.2.2.3Operations and Maintenance CostsThe figure below indicates the extent to which the level of collections are able to cover all the operational costs which include personnel, chemicals, maintenance, energy, plant and operational consumables.

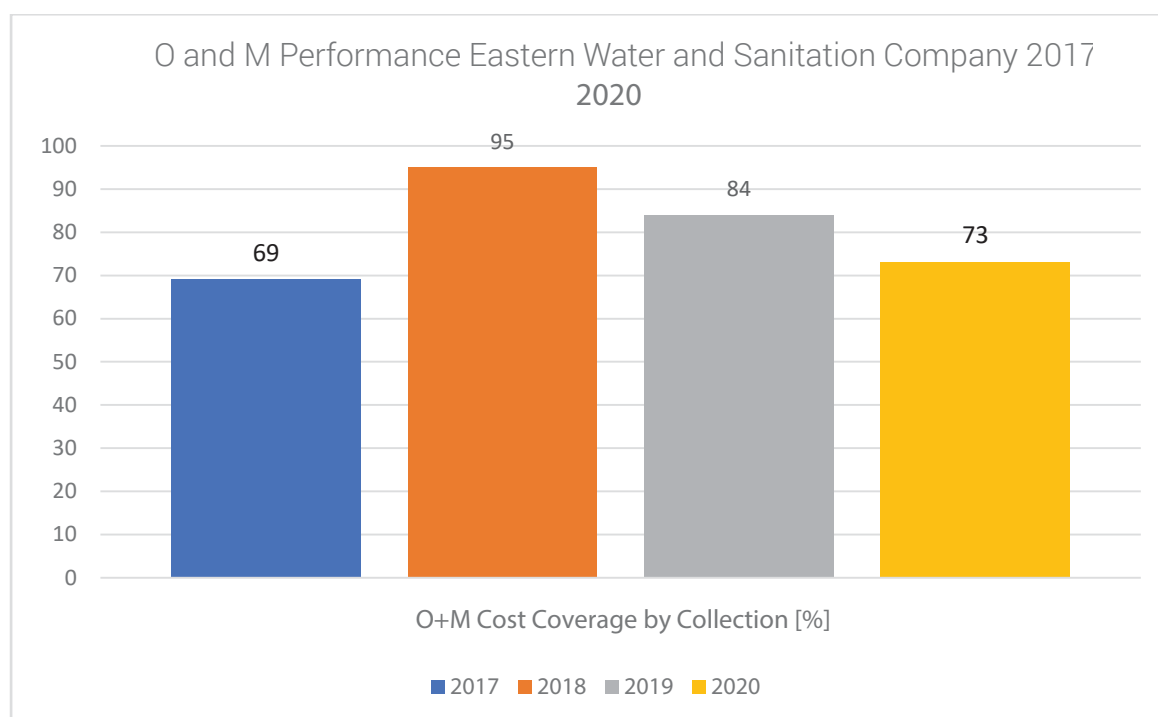


Figure 8: Percentage of O&M Costs Covered by Collections, 2017-2020

The O&M cost coverage by collections dropped significantly mainly due to the increase in electricity tariffs which averaged 140% in 2020 without a corresponding increase in the service tariffs. Other factors that contributed to the reduced O&M cost recovery included:

- An increase in operational costs such as staff costs, spare parts and accessories etc.
- An increase in the cost of key imported items, such as chemicals for water treatment due to the depreciation of the Kwacha in relation to the U.S. Dollar.

These all adversely impacted the level EWSCs financial viability which as shown was not achieved during the period.2.2.4Hours of Supply This indicator refers to the average range of hours of water supplied by EWSC per day to the customer base.

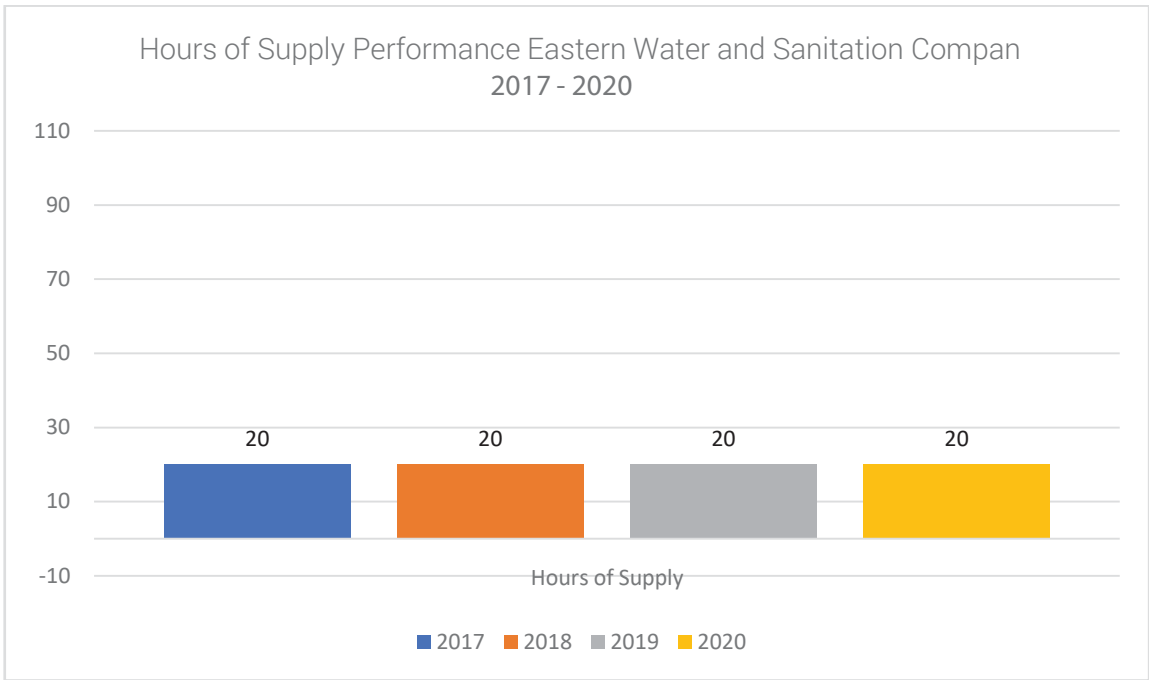


Figure 9: Average Hours of Water Service Supply, 2017-2020

the national electricity hydro generating plants. Notwithstanding however, the service areas of Lundazi, Mambwe, Katete and Chadiza were able to experience (and are currently on) 24-hour supply despite the load shedding as they have adequate bulk water storage capacity.

Inadequate bulk storage capacity.

Low production capacity in the largest service area Chipata, where currently demand exceeds supply

2.2.5 Non-Revenue Water

This refers to the volume of water that does not generate any revenue for the CU despite it having been produced and inputted into the network. It is the difference between the total system input volume and the volume of water that generates revenue.

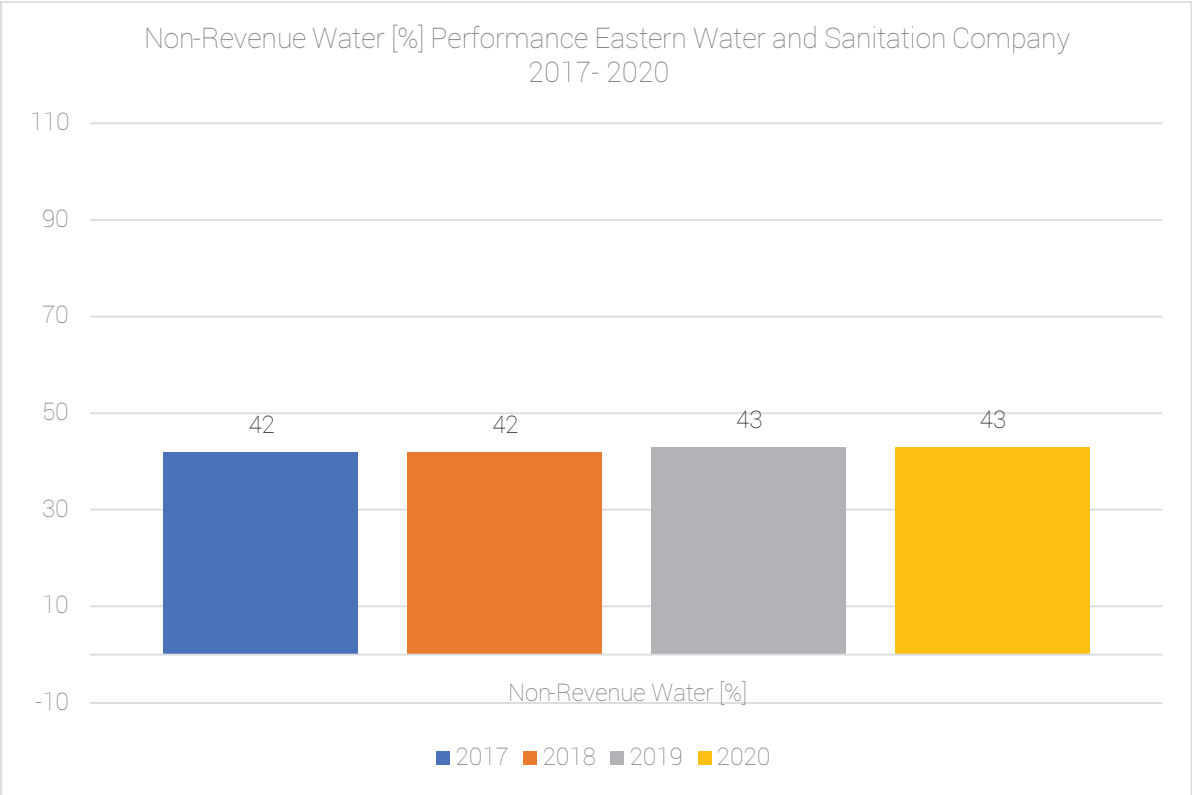


Figure 10: Non-Revenue Water, 2017-2020

The Non-Revenue Water remained generally within the same levels during the period. Planned NRW reduction interventions which could not be implemented due to capital resource constraints are enumerated below:

- A large proportion of aged meters still in use that are inaccurate and generally malfunction (inaccurate readings due to worn out inner components, over the years - approximately 60 percent of these meters need to be replaced);
- Loss of water along the network mains primarily due to dilapidated infrastructure i.e., worn out pipes, valves and other accessory components;
- Some of the bulk overhead storage reservoirs urgently require rehabilitation works to arrest water losses as there is storage overflows in some instances;
- Unregulated usage of water accessed at fire-hydrants by the municipal authorities;
- Commercial losses from data handling errors.

2.2.6 Water Standards Compliance

This refers to the level of adherence to the set standards by the regulator for treated water in the network. Compliance has to be attained for ten set parameters referred to as the "Confidence Level" i.e. the number of samples tested in relation to the minimum number required and the no of tests that meet the national drinking water standards.

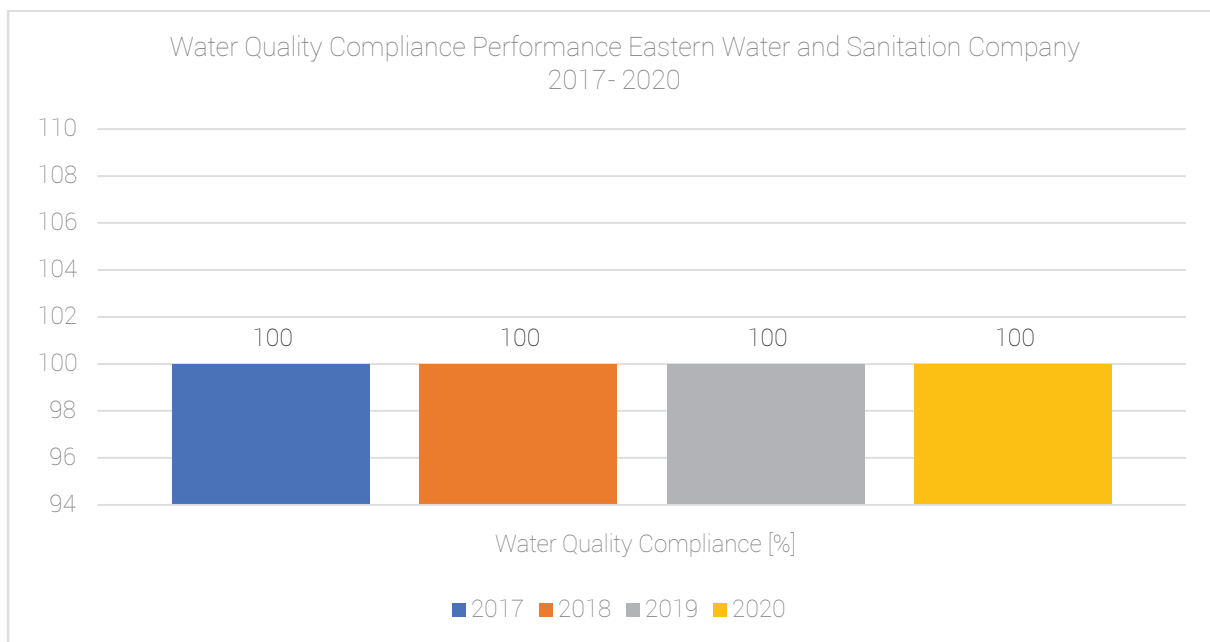


Figure 11: Water Quality Compliance Eastern Water and Sanitation Company

The compliance for water standards was at 100% throughout the most recent four-year period, from 2017-2020. This success has been an outcome of:

- Recruitment of suitably qualified personnel who are able to competently execute the various tasks required for effective treatment of water
- EWSC's strict compliance to the requisite water treatment chemical dosages
- EWSC ensuring at all times that the minimum chemicals stock levels are available as and when required

2.2.7 Metering Ratio

This refers to the total no of metered connections expressed as a ratio over the total no of connections in the various service areas. Despite a 100% metering ratio there is need to replace approximately 60% of the meters currently in use as these are now malfunctioning due to old age. This when done will help to reduce the Non-Revenue Water which currently stands at 43%.

2.2.8 Collection Efficiency

This is the ratio between the total revenue collected for water and sanitation services rendered to the total billing over a particular period.

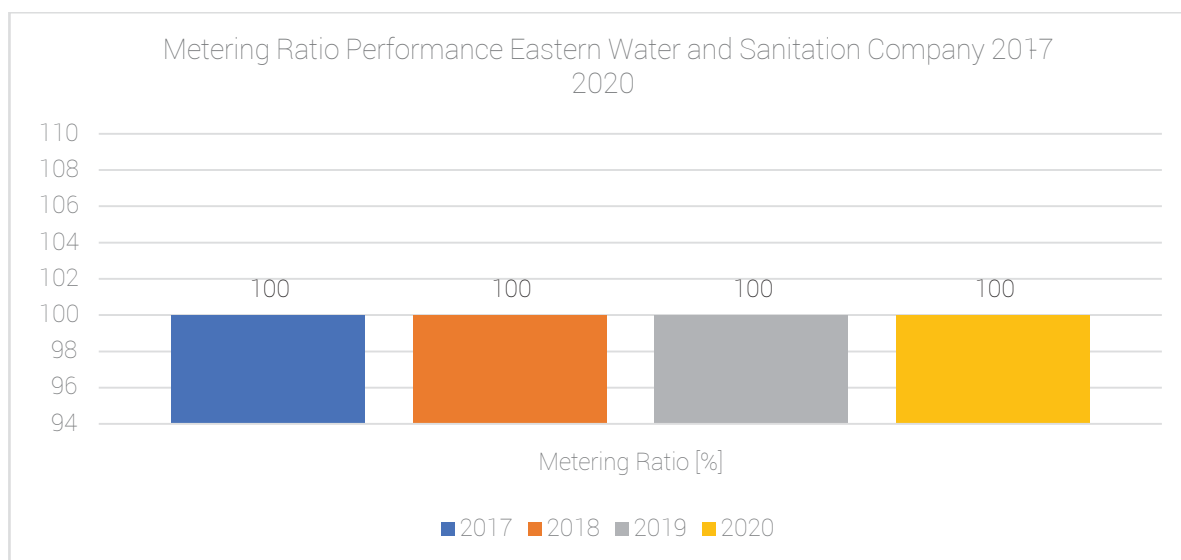


Figure 12: Metering Ratio levels 2017-2020

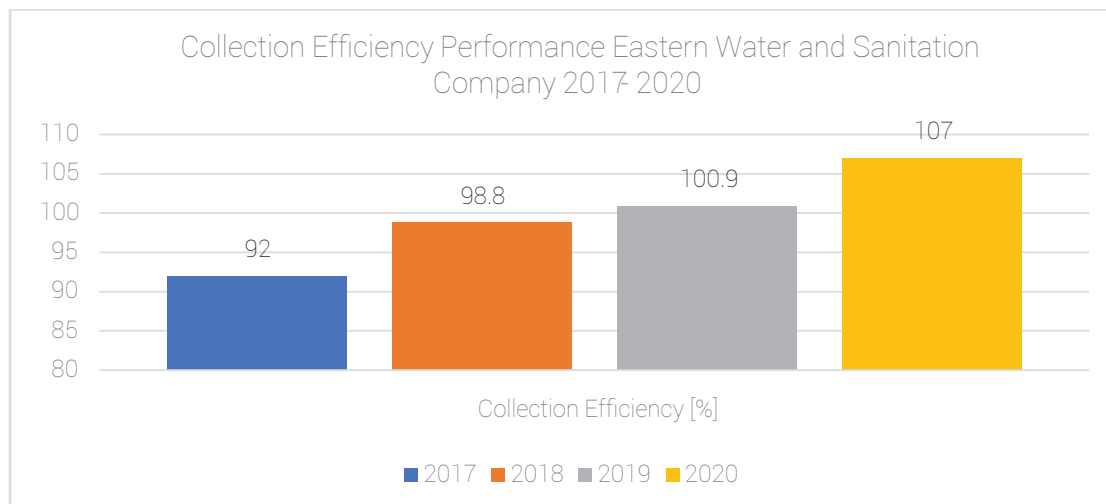


Figure 13: Collection Efficiency Levels 2017-2020

The collection efficiency remains extremely high and can partly be attributed to the high metering ratio. In the year 2020, the Government of Zambia made great strides to reduce the indebtedness of national entities to commercial utilities, especially due to the onset of the Covid-19 Pandemic disease

2.2.9 General Overview

The performance of EWSC during the period 2018 to 2020 was generally above average to acceptable in key operational areas such as water quality compliance, metering ratio, and hours of supply and water service coverage. Results in the following areas indicate need for improvement;

- Non-Revenue Water;
- Operation and Maintenance Cost Coverage;
- Sanitation Coverage, and
- Staff Efficiency

Rehabilitation and expansion of the entire infrastructure is a necessary imperative for the attainment of better performance levels in the three areas identified as the infrastructure has in majority cases, long exceeded the maximum prescribed design life. The sanitation coverage improvement requires massive capital investment in off-site and acceptable on-site infrastructure and accessory units most especially in light of the expanded mandate as recently pronounced by the government.



CHAPTER THREE SITUATIONAL ANALYSIS

3.1 The SWOT Analysis

TO OBTAIN A CLEAR UNDERSTANDING OF THE VARIOUS OPERATIONAL FACETS OF EWSC IT WAS IMPERATIVE TO CARRY OUT A DETAILED ANALYSIS OF THE INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENTS. THE STRENGTHS, WEAKNESSES, OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS (SWOT) ANALYSIS WAS EMPLOYED DISTINCTLY AT BOARD AND THEN MANAGEMENT LEVEL. THE TABLE PRESENTED BELOW IS A SUMMARY OF THE FACTORS AS IDENTIFIED BY BOTH CATEGORIES (I.E. BOARD AND MANAGEMENT).

INTERNAL ENVIRONMENT	
STRENGTHS	WEAKNESSES
1. BOARD IN PLACE TO PROVIDE OVERSIGHT TO THE COMPANY (I.E., A ROBUST COOPERATE GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE IN PLACE)	1. LIMITED FINANCIAL RESOURCES
	2. REQUIREMENT TO PROVIDE A SOCIAL GOOD USING STRICT COMMERCIAL PRINCIPLES.
2. LARGE POTENTIAL FOR GROWTH.	3. EQUIPMENT AND INFRASTRUCTURE ARE GENERALLY OLD AND DILAPIDATED.
3. WELL ESTABLISHED MANAGEMENT SYSTEM	4. LARGE SEGMENTS ARE UN SERVICED ACROSS THE VARIOUS SERVICE AREAS.
4. PROVEN TRACK RECORD IN WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION SERVICES	5. MONOPOLY STATUS THAT CAN LEAD TO COMPLACENCY
5. MONOPOLY STATUS	6. LACK OF CAPITAL
6. EXPERIENCED, QUALIFIED, AND MULTI-SKILLING OF SKILLED STAFF	7. NEGATIVE RETAINED EARNINGS (UNSTABLE REVENUE BASE)
7. RELATIVE INDUSTRIAL HARMONY (LABOUR ISSUES)	8. UNEXPLOITED GROWTH OPPORTUNITY AREAS
8. HIGH COLLECTION EFFICIENCY LEVELS	9. LOW SERVICE COVERAGE (MANY AREAS WHERE THERE IS NO COVERAGE)
9. ABUNDANT WATER RESOURCES	10. HIGH NON-REVENUE WATER I.E., 43%
10. LOW POLLUTION LEVELS OF RAW WATER SOURCES	11. LAND TENURE FINALIZATION AWAITS THE REQUISITE DOCUMENTATION
11. GOOD RELATIONSHIPS WITH STAKEHOLDERS (CUSTOMERS, LOCAL AUTHORITIES)	12. HIGH MAINTENANCE COSTS
	13. WEAK INFORMATION SYSTEMS (INADEQUATE QUALITY OF DATA FOR REPORTING)
	14. MANUALLY OPERATED BUSINESS PROCESSES
	15. NON AUTOMATION OF EQUIPMENT (E.G., PUMPS)

EXTERNAL ENVIRONMENT

OPPORTUNITIES

- 1. WIDE CUSTOMER BASE WITH MINIMAL COMPETITION**
- 2. LARGE OPPORTUNITY FOR GROWTH. I.E., NEW INDUSTRIES, HOUSING AND COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENTS AND EMERGING URBAN CENTERS**
- 3. FAIRLY RELIABLE WATER RESOURCES WITHIN THE PROVINCE INCLUDING RAINFALL THAT RECHARGES THE AQUIFERS AND SURFACE WATER BODIES**
- 4. LARGE NUMBER OF READILY AVAILABLE QUALIFIED TECHNOCRATS AND ARTISANS WHO CAN BE HIRED AT AFFORDABLE RATES**
- 5. HIGHLY VISIBLE LEVELS OF POLITICAL WILL IN SUPPORT OF WATER UTILITY OPERATIONS**
- 6. POLITICAL WILL**
- 7. ICT INTERVENTIONS.**
- 8. BUSINESS DIVERSIFICATION OPPORTUNITIES E.G., BOTTLED WATER**
- 9. POTENTIAL TO ACCESS DONOR FUNDS**

THREATS

- 1. ONSET OF THE CLIMATE CHANGE PHENOMENON RESULTING IN UNRELIABLE WEATHER TRENDS, AND THE NEED FOR MORE RESILIENT INFRASTRUCTURE**
- 2. COVID 19 PANDEMIC LIMITING OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE E.G., REDUCED RATE OF DISCONNECTIONS OF DEFAULTING CUSTOMERS**
- 3. EXCESS BUREAUCRACY DURING CONFLICT RESOLUTION WITH SOME KEY STAKEHOLDERS**
- 4. STRINGENT TARIFF ADJUSTMENT CONDITIONS SET BY NAWASCO.**
- 5. INHERENT BELIEF THAT WATER SHOULD BE PROVIDED FREE OF CHARGE**
- 6. POLITICAL INTERFERENCE.**
- 7. LOSS OF CLIENTS (DRILLING OF BOREHOLES).**
- 8. FRAGILE REVENUE BASE FOR OPERATIONS.**
- 9. LAND ENCROACHMENT.**
- 10. HIGH CARBONATE LEVELS IN WATER.**
- 11. DIFFICULTY IN WORKING IN NON GAZETTED AREAS DUE TO INCOMPLETE LAND TENURE DOCUMENTATION.**
- 12. WATER SCARCITY IN SOME SERVICE AREAS**

3.2 The PESTEL Analysis

There are several external factors that can positively or negatively affect the capability of EWSC to effectively execute its mandate in the long term. These factors can be important drivers of change which are continually desired for service improvement and general expansion. These external factors are analyzed using the Political, Economic, Social, Technological, Environmental and Legal (PESTEL) thematic areas as outlined in the table below:

FACTOR	POSITIVE ASPECTS	NEGATIVE ASPECTS
POLITICAL	1. Political will to grow the water sector through support for capital mobilization. 2. New Ministry with exclusive oversight for water supply, water resources, sanitation and environmental protection 3. New National Water Supply and Sanitation Policy	1. Strict adherence to policy pronouncements 2. Political directives which may be at variance with the existing policy. Legal and regulatory framework 3. Policy ambiguity and inconsistency
ECONOMIC	1. New service areas 2. Expanded mandate to include off-site sanitation. 3. Potential expansion in other industries, such as mining 4. Modern housing developments 5. Business ventures (e.g., bottled water, vacuum tanker services,).	1. High inflation rates 2. Unstable foreign exchange rate 3. High energy tariffs 4. Water and Sanitation service tariffs that do not reflect the full cost of the services. 5. Poorly regulated and indiscriminate borehole construction by the public
SOCIAL	1. Increased demand from growing population 2. Increased WASH awareness due to COVID-19 pandemic induced and other public health campaign	1. Low-income levels that cannot afford the cost reflective tariff. 2. COVID-19 Pandemic 3. Vandalism 4. Illegal connections and water theft 5. Unregulated construction in the water resource catchment areas 6. Illegal encroachment on EWSC operational and water catchment areas



TECHNOLOGICAL

1. Increased availability and usage of solar based technologies that can reduce dependence on ZESCO, increase reliability of electricity, and decrease costs
2. Potential for wind and solar technology as an alternative to conventionally powered systems that can potentially reduce costs
3. New polymer based low maintenance, low-cost fixtures for pipework and plumbing installations.
4. User-friendly E-payment platforms
5. User-friendly customer communication platforms

1. Inaccurate low-quality meters
2. Customer data base inaccuracies
3. Low adoption of new technologies by CU operatives

ENVIRONMENTAL

1. INCREASED AWARENESS ON

- environmental management nationwide (dedicated Ministry and Regulatory Agency ZEMA) who have regulatory oversight.
2. Robust legal framework for environmental management

1. POOR CATCHMENT

- management
2. Climate change phenomenon effects
 3. Lack of coordination amongst institutions mandated with environmental oversight responsibilities

LEGAL

1. Robust legal framework on water supply, sanitation, and water resources management
2. Robust legal framework on environmental management
3. Robust legal framework on public health management

1. Low level comprehension by key stakeholders
2. Erroneous interpretation and application
3. Weak enforcement
4. Contradictions and ambiguities amongst the laws governing environmental management

3.3 Stakeholder Analysis

This process collates or gathers information on groupings that have some level of influence, interest and participation in the operations of EWSC. The analysis presents the classification, relative influence and interest level of each identified stakeholder. It also briefly outlines the most effective modes of communication with each stakeholder. The classification of the stakeholders is as per legend below

Key stakeholders: comprising those with significant influence on EWSCs operations and or actions;

Primary stakeholders: comprising those who are most affected, either positively or negatively by EWSCs actions and or operations;

Secondary stakeholders: comprising those who are indirectly affected by EWSCs actions and or operations; and

Tertiary stakeholders: comprising those who will be impacted the least by EWSCs operations or actions.

The table below presents a detailed stakeholder analysis for EWSC in each case briefly articulating their unique role, level of influence and or impact.

TABLE 3: THE STAKEHOLDER ANALYSIS

CLASSIFICATION

Stakeholder	Key	secondary	Tertiary	Primary	Comment
Ministry of Water Development, Sanitation and Environmental Protection (MWDSEP)	x			x	Ministry with prime oversight on water supply and sanitation
Ministry of Local Government (MLGH)	x				Ministry in which has oversight on CU shareholders, the LAs, and thus has indirect control of the CU's strategic direction
Ministry of Finance (MoF)	x				- Underwrites financing agreements for CU's with international financiers. - Monitoring and Evaluation of Project/Program performance
Other Government Ministries					Collective responsibility of government policy implementation
Local Authorities (Shareholders)	x			x	- The CU's shareholders - Service delivery mandate for water supply and sanitation is stated as a LA responsibility - in the Local Government Act - Municipal area planning and control - Public Health oversight role as per the Public Health Act
Board of Directors	x			x	Represent the shareholders but drawn from various distinct constituencies
NWASCO	x			x	Overarching regulatory oversight for all water supply and sanitation matters in urban and rural settlement growth areas
ZEMA	x				Environmental Management oversight
Water Resource Management Authority (WARMA)	x				Regulatory oversight on water resource management
ZABS		x			Standards setting for potable water quality
Zambia Public Procurement Authority (ZPPA)		x			Public procurement regulatory authority
MPs and Councilors	x			x	Elected political representatives in delimited areas
Low Income Area Customers					- Peri urban settlements with pit latrines (on-site systems) - Low-cost planned settlements (with pit latrines)

HIGH INCOME AREA CUSTOMERS	X			X	• HIGH-COST AREAS WITH LARGE HOUSING AND IN MANY CASES PRIVATE BOREHOLES AND SEPTIC TANKS
INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMERS	X			X	• SERVED IN SOME CASES WITH PRIVATE BOREHOLES. • ON SITE SANITATION I.E., SEPTIC TANKS
MEDIA HOUSES	X			X	• PROVIDES PLATFORM FOR CUSTOMERS TO VOICE THEIR EXPERIENCES POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE
COOPERATING PARTNERS	X				• PROVIDE CAPITAL FINANCING FOR PROJECTS. • NEED TO ACCOUNT FOR FUNDS SPENT TO THEIR RESPECTIVE NATIONAL AUTHORITIES

The identified stakeholders are further categorized according to their level of interest and power (influence) on EWSC as a water supply and sanitation service provider using a **Stakeholder Power-Interest** Matrix as illustrated below;

Table 4: The Stakeholder Power-Interest Matrix

H	High Power and Low Interest <u>KEEP SATISFIED</u> • ZABS • ZPPA	High Power and High Interest <u>EXCEED THEIR EXPECTATIONS</u> BOARD Members Shareholders the Local Authorities NWASCO ZEMA WARMA All Customer Categories All Government Ministries Cooperating Partners MPs and Councilors
L	Low Power and Low Interest <u>MONITOR</u> • None	Low Power and High Interest <u>KEEP INFORMED</u> • Media Houses • Non-Governmental Organizations
	L	H

3.4 Overview

The majority of the stakeholders have been categorized in the “High Power –High Interest” segment largely because universal access to water and sanitation services are nationally regarded as one of the most important services needed to improve the socio-economic status of the majority population.

4.1 Introduction

This chapter articulates the EWSC adopted strategies for the period 2021 to 2025. It comprises the Vision and Mission Statements, Core Values, Strategic Objectives and Action Plans, Key Risks, Resource requirements and the basic frameworks for Monitoring and Evaluation during the period.

4.2 The Vision Statement

The **Vision Statement** for the strategic planning period 2021 to 2025 is stated thus:

“To be a model of excellence in delivering sustainable water supply and sanitation services for all”

4.2 The Vision Statement

The **Mission Statement** for the strategic planning period 2021 to 2025 is stated thus:

“To uplift the living standards of all our customers through the exceptional provision of safe, adequate, affordable and environmentally friendly water supply and sanitation services”

4.4 EWSC Core Values

The Core Values will influence the way in which EWSC will relate and conduct its operations and sustain relationships with all stakeholders are indicated in the table below.

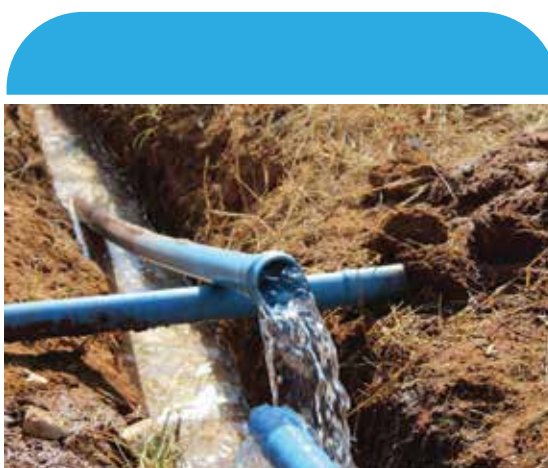


Figure 14: A defective water distribution pipe

Table 5: The Core Values and Narrations

No	Core Value	Value Narrative
1	<i>Excellence</i>	Shall strive to be outstanding in all that we do
2	<i>Teamwork</i>	Shall foster collaboration amongst staff to enhance efficiency
3	<i>Innovation</i>	Shall encourage creativity to develop and implement new operational procedures and products to enhance efficiency
4	<i>Integrity</i>	Shall be transparent and morally upright in all our dealings
5	<i>Accountability</i>	Shall willingly accept responsibility for all our actions
6	<i>Equity and Inclusivity</i>	Shall treat all equally regardless of their social status and/ or gender to ensure that none are excluded

4.5 The Strategic Objectives

This plan consists of (6) six strategic objectives that have been developed with specific focus on the key priority areas that can swiftly spur growth and overall service standards. The table below gives a brief summary of the objectives and their sub objectives:



Strategic Objective	Sub Objectives
Strategic Objective No 1: Good Corporate Governance - To be accountable to all stakeholders in the operations of the Company through commitment to good corporate governance principles	☑ Sub-Objective 1: Good Corporate Governance - To be accountable to all stakeholders in the operations of the Company through commitments to good corporate governance principles ☑ Sub-Objective 2: Enhance corporate engagements with stakeholders ☑ Sub-Objective 3: Business Planning and Budgeting ☑ Sub-Objective 4: Resource Mobilization: Capital Investment Requirements ☑ Sub-Objective 5: Internal Audit and Assurance Services ☑ Sub-Objective 6: An excellent public reputation
Strategic Objective No 2: Excellence in Service Delivery - To effectively and efficiently provide safe, adequate and affordable water supply and sanitation services	- Sub-Objective 1: Meet current and future water supply and sanitation needs of customers ☑ Sub-Objective 2: A customer-centric approach at all levels of the organization ☑ Sub-Objective 3: Use Information and Communications Technology in Operations for Operational Efficiency and effectiveness
Strategic Objective No 3: Continual Growth and Expansion– To ensure that there is a continued increase in access to services by all who are eligible within the service area	- Sub-Objective 1: Business Expansion - Water Supply Service in Served and Un-served Areas ☑ Sub-Objective 2: Business Expansion - Sanitation Extension in Served and Un-served Areas



Strategic Objective No 4: Financial Viability

– To ensure that all operational needs are adequately catered for which will assure continuous growth and service quality improvement

- ☑ Sub-Objective 1: To obtain and implement cost reflective and a pro-poor WSS Tariffs by January 2024
- ☑ Sub-Objective 2: To introduce at least Three (3) subsidiary financially viable business ventures to supplement revenue from water supply and sanitation service provision and promote job creation by 2025
- ☑ Sub-Objective 3: Reduction of Non-Revenue Water to a sustainable 25% so as to maximize billed revenue
- ☑ Sub-Objective 4: Meter Management and Billing Services
- ☑ Sub-Objective 5: Improve Working Capital Management through enhanced revenue collection
- ☑ Sub-Objective 6: Implement Cost Reduction Strategies and Control Measures to Optimize Resource Utilisation and Assure Financial Viability

Strategic Objective No 5: Capacity Development to meet the statutory mandate

To ensure that there is developed capability required to fully respond to the newly expanded statutory mandate

- Sub-Objective 1: Business Reorganisation
- ☑ Sub-Objective 2: Ensure conducive work environment to deliver desired results

Strategic Objective No 6: Adherence to Environmentally friendly practices

To ensure that there is full recognition and compliance to best practice required for sound environmental management

- Sub-Objective 1: Environment responsiveness

Appendix No 1 expands these strategic objectives, targeted priority actions, activities, resource requirements and performance measurement indicators. The allotted time frames for each activity

4.6 Governance Structure

The Organizational framework for Eastern Water and Sanitation Company Ltd. is illustrated in the figure below;

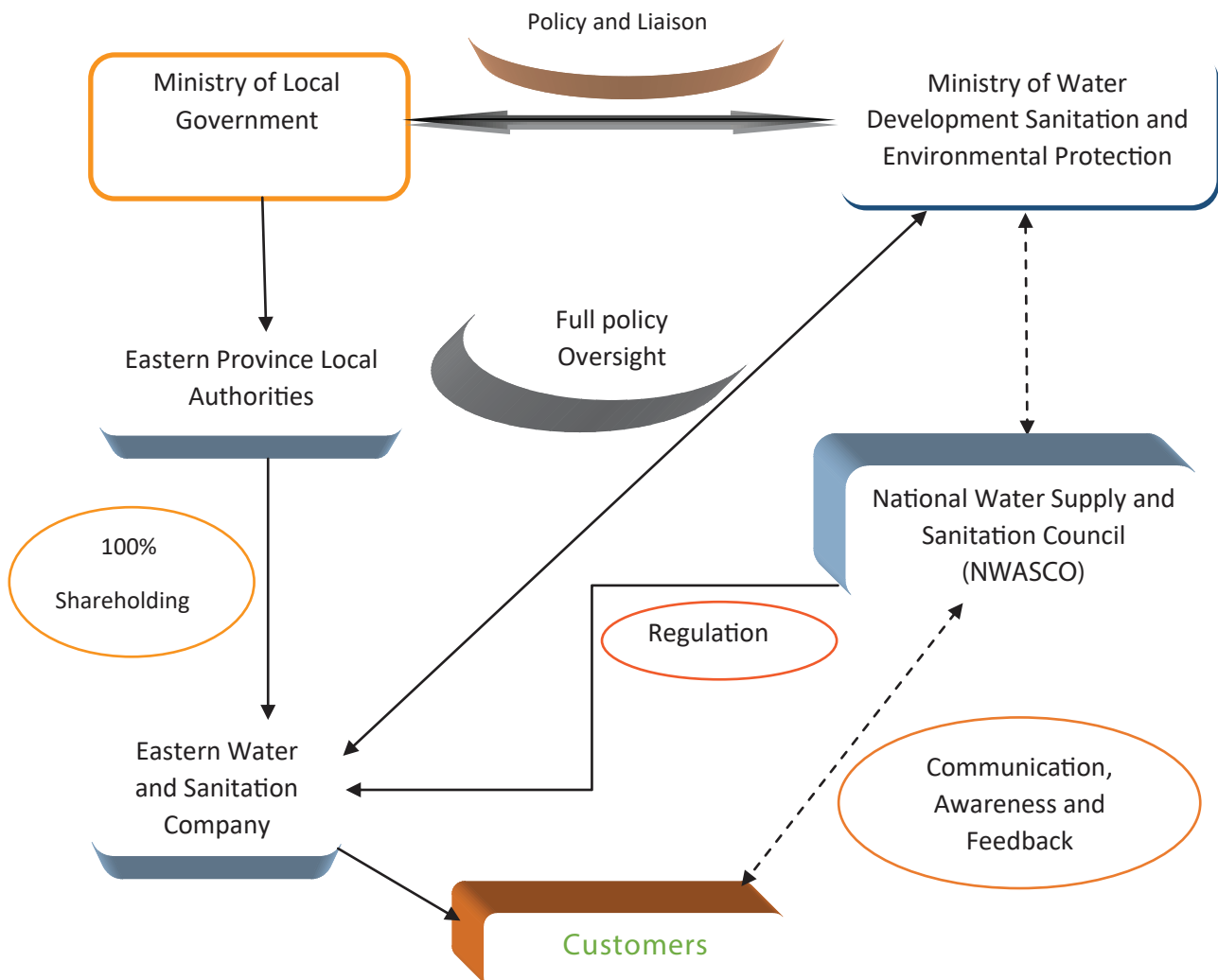


Figure 16: The Sector Organizational Framework for EWSC

The policy development and actualization is primarily vested in the Ministry of Water Development, Sanitation and Environmental Protection (MWDSEP) which has direct oversight over water supply and sanitation utilities in Zambia. The Ministry of Local Government (MLG) has direct responsibility over the local authorities which are the 100% shareholders of the utilities implying that they have policy oversight too but through

direct liaison with the MWDSEP. Water supply and sanitation service regulation is effected principally through the National Water Supply and Sanitation Council (NWASCO).

The Governance Structure is illustrated in the figure below;

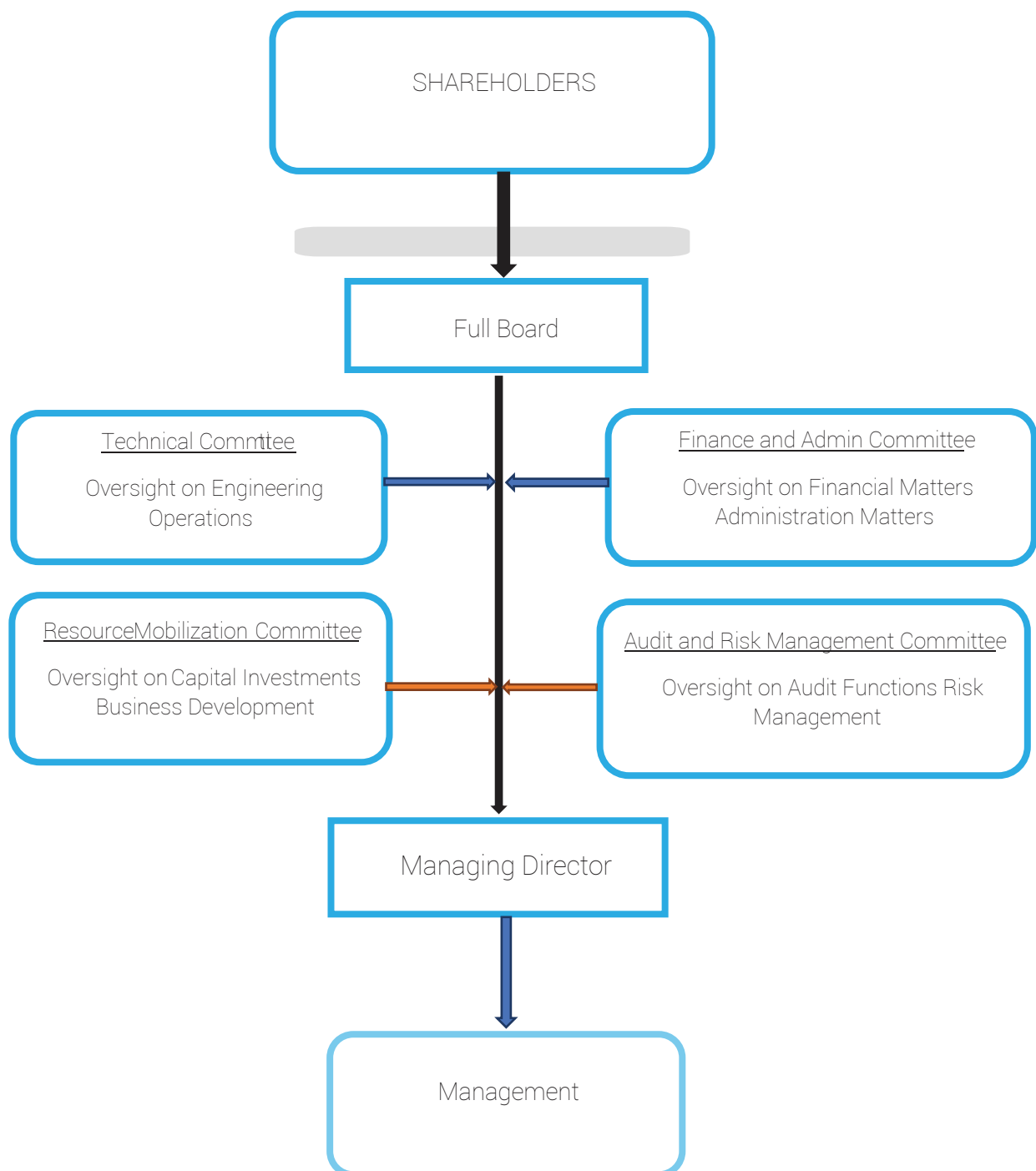


Figure17: The EWSC Governance Structure

The Board of Directors have the overall policy implementation oversight responsibility which includes ensuring that the set targets in the plan are planned for, resourced and eventually implemented timely. They will also ensure that the plan is consistently monitored, evaluated and reviewed during its entire lifetime.

The Board of Directors have the overall policy implementation oversight responsibility which includes ensuring that the set targets in the plan are planned for, resourced and eventually implemented timely. They will also ensure that the plan is consistently monitored, evaluated and reviewed during its entire lifetime.

The EWSC Senior Management Team under the direction of the Managing Director has responsibility for the day-to-day operations of EWSC in its entirety including employee and stakeholder dissemination and implementation of the plan. Other key functions include development and operationalization to very minute detail the annual business plans (directly derived from the five year strategic plan), production of the financial statements, management accounts, statutory reports and other compliance related reports that are used to inform the shareholders, board members and other key stakeholders on the general status of EWSC as and when required.

4.7 Risk Analysis

The identified risks that will impact the operations of EWSC have been identified using the results from the SWOT Analysis that were conducted by the Board of Directors and Management Teams, respectively. These are presented in the table below categorized as „High „Medium or „Low

Table7: EWSC Risk Analysis and Mitigation Measures.

Identified Risk	Risk Level (High, Medium, Low)	Mitigation Measures
Failure of business and service expansion	High	Strategically source for Grant Capital and or Concessional Loans from GRZ and or Cooperating Partners
Water Quality Failure	High	Availability of chemicals and staff competency/capacity
Equipment failure due to old age (and excessive wear and tear)	High	Phased replacement of old equipment with enhanced automation features
Unsustainable Maintenance Costs	High	Strengthen the Asset Management Policy to ensure that overly critical equipment is given top priority
Poor Catchment Management	Medium	Formulate a robust Catchment Management Policy
Covid -19 Pandemic	Medium	Formulate a viable "Response Plan"
Tariff Resistance by Customers	Low	Effective customer engagement

4.8 Resource Requirements

The funding required for the full implementation of the strategic plan 2021 to 2025 is estimated to cost a total of **Zambian Kwacha (ZMW) One Billion, Seventy-Two Million, Seven Hundred and Forty-Three Thousand and Seven Hundred Kwacha only (ZMW 1,072,743,700) which is equivalent to**

approximately United States Dollars \$47.8 Million.

The sources for the required finances shall comprise any of the following;

(i) **Internal Sources** – which are finances acquired from revenues generated from water supply services, off-site sanitation(or sewerage services), on-site sanitation services and various user charges, representing 10.4%

(ii) **External Sources** – which are finances acquired from capital grants from the Government of Zambia and or cooperating partners, loans from financial institutions and cooperating partners representing 89.6%.



Figure 18: Resource Distribution for the Strategic Plan.

The table below gives a summary of the gross amounts required for each strategic objective (Exchange rate 1US \$=22.5 ZMW).

Table 8: Estimated Resource Requirements 2021-2025

Strategic Objective	Estimated Cost (ZMW)	Envisaged Sources	
		Internal	External
Strategic Objective No 1 : Good Corporate Governance	15,132,340	99.1%	0.9%
Strategic Objective No 2: Excellence in Service Delivery	709,922,000	1.2%	98.8%
Strategic Objective No 3 : Continual Growth and Expansion	77,833,000	24.1%	75.9%
Strategic Objective No 4 : Financial Viability	193,380,360	17.8%	82.2%
Strategic Objective No 5 : Capacity	63,470,000	45.8%	54.2%

Strategic Objective	Estimated Cost (ZMW)	Envisaged Sources	
		Internal	External
Development to meet the statutory mandate			
Strategic Objective No 6: Adherence to Environmentally friendly practices	13,006,000	46.2%	53.8%
TOTALS			

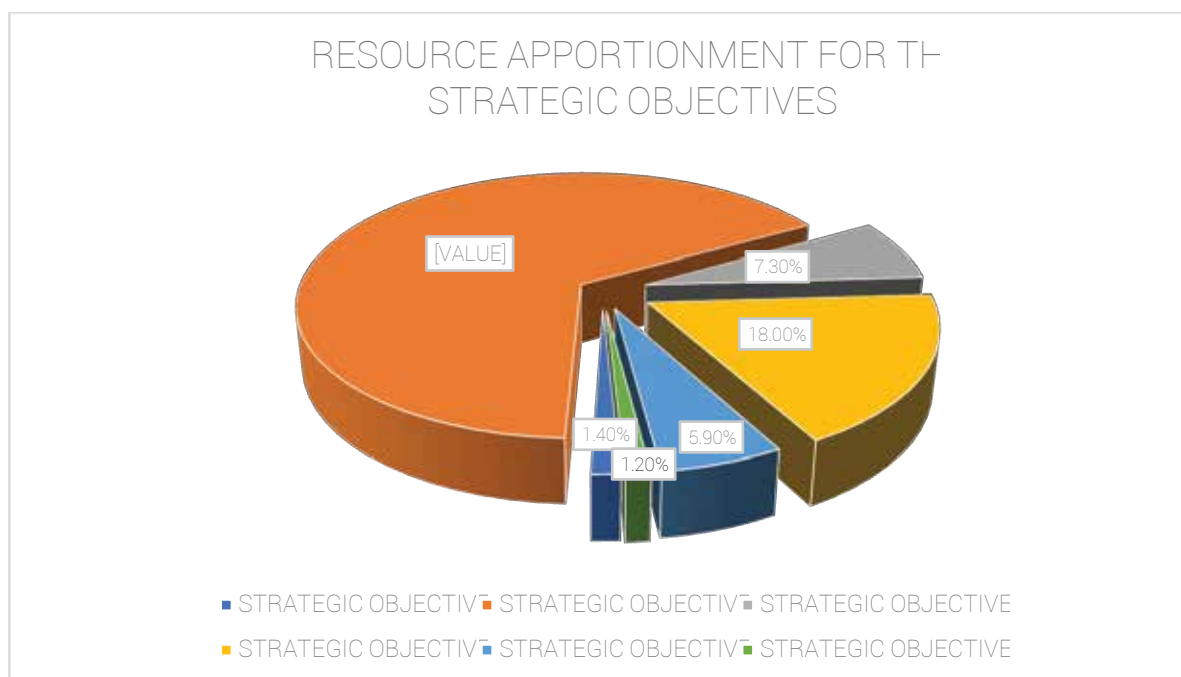


Figure 19: Resource Apportionment for the Strategic Objectives.

The logical framework template for each of the Strategic Objectives for the period is presented in the table below. The framework comprises the Expected Outcomes (derived from the Sub Objectives); the key requisite activities or actions, the key performance indicators (to enable measurement of progress), means of verification, officer responsible for the activity and the time required for implementation.

Table9: Monitoring and Evaluation Logical Framework for the Strategic Objectives.

Expected Outcomes	Key Activities	Key Performance Indicators	Means of Verification	Responsible Officer	Time Frame				
					FY 21	FY 22	FY 23	FY 24	FY 25

The Annual Business Plans will present this information in much greater detail as has been articulated in section 1.4

4.10 Way Forward

The EWSC shall remain steadfastly committed to the realization of all the planned for outputs and associated outcomes contained in the plan. It will

therefore be absolutely essential that the entire workforce be purposively exposed as far as is practically possible to the various segments of the plan that are relevant (or require their direct input), therefore enabling them to knowledgeably contribute to its eagerly desired success.

OUTLOOK OF SUCCESS UPON IMPLEMENTING THE STRATEGIC PLAN (2021-2025)

NO.	KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATOR (KPI)	UNIT	BASELINE	OUTLOOK OF SUCCESS [TARGETS]					OVERALL OUTLOOK
				2020	2021	2022	2023	2023	
OB. 1	GOOD CORPORATE GOVERNANCE								
1	EWSC Sector Ranking as rated by Regulator	No.	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
2	Board Meetings Held as % of Planned Board Meetings	%	90%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
3	Resource Mobilization: Acquired External Funds and Available for Use by the Company	K/%	28%	NIL	K525 Million (10%)	K525 Million (10%)	K2,101 Million (40%)	K2,101 Million (40%)	K5,253 Million (100%)
4	Policy Development & Review Completion Rate	No. (%)	50%	9 (28%)	10 (31%)	4 (13%)	4 (13%)	5 (16%)	32 (100%)
5	Non-qualified Audit Report	%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
6	Budget Compliance (Budget Variance is +/- 10%)	%	+5%	+/- 10%	+/- 10%	+/- 10%	+/- 10%	+/- 10%	+/- 10%
7	Risk Management Framework Implementation Rate	%	0%	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
OB. 2	EXCELLENCE IN SERVICE DELIVERY								
2(A)	Service Level Indicators (i.e., for Quality of Service)								
8	Water Quality Compliance	%	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
9	Hours of Supply	Hrs.	20	20	21	22	23	23	23
2(B)	Customer Satisfaction Indicators								

10	Complaints per 100 WSS Connections	No.	27	25	23	20	20	20	20	20
11	Customer Complaints Resolution Rate	%	84	90	92	94	95	95	95	95
12	Metering Ratio	%	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
OB. 3	CONTINUAL GROWTH AND EXPANSION									
13	Increase in New Connections - Water	No.	1,382	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	10,000
14	Increase in New Connections - Sewerage	No.	9	10	20	20	20	20	20	90
15	Increase in Onsite Sanitation Service Facilities	No.	26,724	29,224	31,724	34,224	36,724	39,224	39,224	39,224
16	Number of Feecal Sludge Treatment Facilities Constructed	No.	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	4
17	Population Water Service Coverage (in Percentage)	%	91	91	92	92	93	95	95	95
18	Number of Rural WSS Schemes Taken Over	No.	0	1	8	22	22	22	22	76
19	Number of New Water & Sanitation Systems in New Districts	No.	0	0	2	2	3	0	0	7
20	Number of R&D Projects Completed	No.	0	0	2	2	2	1	1	7
OB. 4	FINANCIAL VIABILITY									
21	Operating Revenue Growth Rate (without Grants)	%	8.6	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
22	Non-Revenue Water	%	43	40	37	34	31	28	28	28
23	Collection Efficiency	%	107	110	110	110	110	100	100	100
24	O+M Cost Covered by Water+Sewer Collection	%	73	75	77	79	81	86	86	86
25	Net Profit Margin	%	-66%	-61%	-56%	-51%	-46%	-41%	-41%	-41%
OB. 5	CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT TO MEET THE STATUTORY MANDATE									

Strategic Objective 1: Good Corporate Governance - To be accountable to all stakeholders in the operations of the Company through commitments to good		Responsible DBT / Officer																						
Priority Actions	Activities	Performance Indicators/Target	Timeframe (Year)	Time from start	Time to completion	Budget (ZMK) 2021-2025	Budget (ZMK) 2021	INTERNAL FUND FY-2021 - ZMK	INTERNAL FUND FY-2021 - ZMK	Budget (ZMK) 2022	INTERNAL FUND FY-2022 - ZMK	EXTERNAL FUND FY-2022 - ZMK	Budget (ZMK) 2023	INTERNAL FUND FY-2023 - ZMK	EXTERNAL FUND FY-2023 - ZMK	Budget (ZMK) 2024	INTERNAL FUND FY-2024 - ZMK	EXTERNAL FUND FY-2024 - ZMK	Budget (ZMK) 2025	INTERNAL FUND FY-2025 - ZMK	EXTERNAL FUND FY-2025 - ZMK			
Sub-Objective 1: Review the Existing Corporate Governance Instruments and develop new ones	1) Review the existing policies annually and procedures	Six (6) Approved Policies Reviewed annually.				-	-			-							-						TM	
			1. Operations and Maintenance policy				15,000	-		15,000	15,000								-					
			Occupational Health & Safety Policy				15,000	-			-				15,000	15,000						-		Technical Manager
			3. Water Meter Policy				15,000	-		15,000	15,000				-							-		Commercial Manager
			Non-Revenue Water Reduction Strategy				15,000	15,000		15,000	-											-		Technical Manager
			Peri-Urban Policy				15,000	-			-					15,000	15,000					-		Technical Manager
			Complaints Management Policy				30,000	15,000		15,000	-					-			15,000	15,000		-		Public Relations Officer
			Commercial Policy				30,000	-			-					15,000	15,000				-		Commercial Manager	
			Accounting and Payroll Procedures Manual				15,000	15,000		15,000	-					-						-		Finance Manager
			Disciplinary Code				15,000	-			-					-						-		Human Resource and Administration Officer
						15,000	-			-								-					Public Relations Officer	
			Communication Policy				15,000	-		15,000	15,000				-						-		Public Relations Officer	
			Company Profile				15,000	-			-				-	15,000					-		Public Relations Officer	
			Responsibility Policy				15,000	15,000		15,000	-				-						-		ICT Officer	
			Disaster recovery Policy and business continuity plan				15,000	-			-				-						-			
			Review ICT Policy				60,000	-		15,000	15,000					15,000	15,000				-		ICT Officer	
			ICT Mobilization Policy and Management Strategy				15,000	15,000		15,000	-					-					-		Commercial Manager	
			i) Develop the Debt Management Policy and Procedures				15,000	-			-					-					-		Commercial Manager	
			Framework and Guidelines on Management of Water Trusts in Rural Areas				15,000	-			-		15,000	15,000		-					-		Commercial Manager	
			Recruitment and Training Policy				15,000	15,000		15,000	-					-					-		Commercial Manager	
	2) Develop new policies, procedures and processes	New Policy/Management Strategy approved by Board of Directors (BoD)				1,500	-			-										-		Human Resource and Administration Officer		
			Staff Welfare Policy				1,500	-		1,500	1,500				-					-		Human Resource and Administration Officer		
			Environmental Management Policy and Plan				45,000	15,000		15,000	-				15,000	15,000				-		Technical Manager		
			Disaster Recovery and Risk Management Plan				15,000	-			-				-				15,000	15,000		-	Technical Manager	
			Asset Management Policy				15,000	-			-				-				-			-	Finance Manager	
			Communication Strategy				15,000	-			-										-		Public Relations Officer	
			IT Hardware inventory policy				15,000	-		15,000	15,000				-				15,000	15,000		-	ICT Officer	
			Complaints Management Policy				30,000	15,000		15,000	-					-					-		Public Relations Officer	
			Succession Plan				-	-			-					-					-			Managing Director
			3) Lobby for and facilitate the enactment of regulations to cover regulated activities				-	-			-					-					-			Managing Director
	4. ICT Governance enforcement	Adoption and enforcement of Control Objectives for Information and Related Technology (COBIT) ICT governance framework				350,000	50,000		50,000	60,000				70,000	70,000				-		80,000	90,000	Technical Manager	
			Acquisition of the GR2 Rural Water Management Regulations				-	-			-									-			Technical Manager	
			v) Engage Government to hand-over all communal water supply schemes (rural and urban) to EWSC for continued management.				-	-			-									-			Technical Manager	
			4. ICT Governance enforcement				30,000	-			30,000	30,000				-					-			ICT Officer
			Sub-Objective 1: Budget Subtotal (ZMK):				846,500	185,000	-	185,000	211,500	211,500	-	145,000	145,000	-	140,000	140,000	-	165,000	165,000	-	-	

Sub-Objective 3: To ensure 100% integrity in service provision, and 100% compliance with laws and regulations throughout the planning period (2021/2025)	Service Integrity & Enforcement	i) Establish EVASC Water Integrity Committee in every district	Complaints; Positive Goodwill	Reduced	9 280,000	182,000	176,000	195,000	215,000	215,000	Managing Director
					-	-	-	-	-		
					1 300,000	15,000	20,000	30,000	40,000		
Sub-Objective 3: Subtotal (ZMK):					1 058,000	197,000	201,000	225,000	255,000	255,000	Managing Director
	Sub-Objective 4: Business Planning and Budgeting										
	1) Review of the Strategic Business Plan Annually to ensure Company vision and mission statement adapt to changing business environment, as well world-class best practices	Approved Strategic Business Plan (Reviewed/Amended)	Approved	3 20,000	-	140,000	-	-	180,000	180,000	Managing Director
-				-	-	-	-	-			
4 500,000				70,000	90,000	100,000	110,000	110,000			
2) Undertake Annual Budgeting that focuses on delivering the overall strategic management oversight and priorities	Approved Budget Guidelines/Budget	Approved	-	80,000	90,000	100,000	100,000	110,000	110,000	Finance Manager	
			-	-	-	-	-	-			
			7 760,000	70,000	230,000	100,000	290,000	290,000			
Sub-Objective 5: Resource Mobilization: Capital Investment Requirements											
1) Engage Government, Local Authorities and other Stakeholders to ensure Capital Investment Funds & Support as identified in Investment Plan by 2025	No. of Engagements; Number of Successful Proposals	Engagements	7 500,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	Managing Director	
			-	-	-	-	-	-			
			7 250,000	145,000	145,000	145,000	145,000	145,000			
2) Prepare Bankable Feasibility Studies for Partners (CPs) for all identified projects and activities	At least Three Feasibility Studies presented to CPs for each planned investment for the year	At least Three Feasibility Studies	-	145,000	145,000	145,000	145,000	145,000	145,000	Commercial Manager	
			-	-	-	-	-	-			
			1 475,000	295,000	295,000	295,000	295,000	295,000			
Sub-Objective 6: Internal Audit and Assurance Services											
1. Provide Internal Audit Assurance Services	Approved Internal Audit Strategic Plan and Annual Work Plans in place	Approved Internal Audit Strategic Plan and Annual Work Plans in place	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Internal Auditor	
			-	-	-	-	-	-			
			2 700,000	65,000	65,000	70,000	70,000	70,000			
2. Provide Audit Advisory Services	100% of Approved Internal Audit Work Plans implemented and evidenced by reports with relevant and workable recommendations	100% of Approved Internal Audit Work Plans implemented and evidenced by reports with relevant and workable recommendations	600,000	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000	Internal Auditor	
			-	-	-	-	-	-			
			-	-	-	-	-	-			
3. Provide Risk Management Services	Quarterly Risk Management Reports for Executive Management and Board's Attention	Quarterly Risk Management Reports for Executive Management and Board's Attention	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Internal Auditor	
			-	-	-	-	-	-			
			2 500,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000			
4. Enhance information systems to security risks	Implementation of 100% of Recommendations of Oversight Bodies (Internal Audit and External) within pre-agreed timeframes	Implementation of 100% of Recommendations of Oversight Bodies (Internal Audit and External) within pre-agreed timeframes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Managing Director	
			-	-	-	-	-	-			
			60,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000			
Sub-Objective 6: Budget Subtotal (ZMK):											
					6 700,000	155,000	140,000	150,000	50,000	50,000	

Strategic Objective No. 3: Continual Growth and Expansion																														
Priority Actions	Activities	Performance Indicators/Target	Time from start to end	BUDGET (ZMK) 2021-2025	BUDGET (ZMK) 2021-2025	INTERNAL FUND FY-2021 - ZMK	EXTERNAL FUND FY-2021 - ZMK	BUDGET (ZMK) 2021-2025	INTERNAL FUND FY-2021 - ZMK	EXTERNAL FUND FY-2021 - ZMK	BUDGET (ZMK) 2021-2025	INTERNAL FUND FY-2021 - ZMK	EXTERNAL FUND FY-2021 - ZMK	BUDGET (ZMK) 2021-2025	INTERNAL FUND FY-2021 - ZMK	EXTERNAL FUND FY-2021 - ZMK	BUDGET (ZMK) 2021-2025	INTERNAL FUND FY-2021 - ZMK	EXTERNAL FUND FY-2021 - ZMK	BUDGET (ZMK) 2021-2025	INTERNAL FUND FY-2021 - ZMK	EXTERNAL FUND FY-2021 - ZMK	BUDGET (ZMK) 2021-2025	INTERNAL FUND FY-2021 - ZMK	EXTERNAL FUND FY-2021 - ZMK					
Sub-Objective 1: Business Expansion - Water Supply Service in Served and Un-served Areas																														
1) Apply a visionary, adaptable, long-range water supply and sanitation planning approach.	a) Develop detailed Service Engineering Drawings and Bills of Quantities (BOQs) in place	Implement water supply and sanitation plan in place		146,000	-	73,000	-	73,000	-	-	-	73,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	b) Develop a phased implementation plan			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	2) Extend water supply service coverages			2,410,000	45,000	45,000	-	45,000	-	45,000	-	60,000	-	60,000	-	60,000	-	60,000	-	60,000	-	60,000	-	60,000	-	60,000	-	200,000	-	Managing Director
	b) Network extensions in all the districts			6,000,000	900,000	500,000	400,000	1,100,000	500,000	600,000	1,300,000	700,000	700,000	1,400,000	700,000	700,000	1,300,000	700,000	700,000	1,300,000	700,000	700,000	1,300,000	700,000	700,000	1,300,000	700,000	600,000	-	Technical Manager
2) Establish new start up Water Network. System in all the New districts according to the BOQs and Financing.	d) Establish new start up Water Network. System in all the New districts according to the BOQs and Financing.	Start up water supply system in new district according demand.		50,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	Technical Manager	
	e) Develop marketing plan to expand service coverage in existing and potential communities in line with the EMWSC Investment Plan			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Commercial Manager	
	f) Connect not less than 2000 New Customers per annum (2021-2025) in the Area of Operation			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Commercial Manager	
				58,556,000	10,945,000	545,000	10,400,000	11,218,000	618,000	10,600,000	11,433,000	733,000	10,700,000	11,460,000	760,000	10,700,000	13,500,000	900,000	12,600,000	900,000	12,600,000	900,000	12,600,000	900,000	12,600,000	900,000	12,600,000	900,000	12,600,000	Commercial Manager
Sub-Objective 2: Business Expansion - Sanitation Extension in Served and Un-served Areas																														
1. Increase Sanitation Coverage	a) Preparation of District Sanitation on site, Off site, Feasible Sludge BOQs and have feasibility Studies in place.	BOQs and feasibility studies in place		142,000	71,000	71,000	-	71,000	-	-	-	71,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Technical Manager		
	b) Extend Main Sewerage Distribution network to all customers, as per Approved Sanitation Service Management Plans.			6,350,000	150,000	150,000	-	1,300,000	500,000	800,000	1,400,000	500,000	900,000	1,600,000	500,000	1,100,000	1,900,000	600,000	1,300,000	600,000	1,300,000	600,000	1,300,000	600,000	1,300,000	600,000	1,300,000	Technical Manager		
	c) Implement the prepared City-wide/District Sanitation Service Management Plans			150,000	30,000	30,000	-	30,000	30,000	-	30,000	-	30,000	30,000	30,000	-	30,000	-	30,000	-	30,000	-	30,000	-	30,000	-	30,000	-	Technical Manager	
	d) Connect at least 50 New Customers per annum to sewerage services in Chipata City.			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Commercial Manager	
2. Pursue joint management of Privately-owned and Institutional Sewerage Ponds	a) Engage Ministries of Health and Education (MoH & MoE) over co-management of their private sewerage ponds.	15% Additional Sanitation Coverage Ratio Annually		220,000	55,000	55,000	-	55,000	55,000	-	55,000	55,000	-	55,000	55,000	-	55,000	55,000	-	55,000	55,000	-	55,000	55,000	-	55,000	-	Managing Director		
	b) Ensure proper maintenance of the co-managed sewerage ponds.			375,000	75,000	75,000	-	75,000	75,000	-	75,000	75,000	-	75,000	75,000	-	75,000	75,000	-	75,000	75,000	-	75,000	75,000	-	75,000	-	Commercial Manager		
	c) Improve surveillance of potential customers in unserved areas through GIS systems. Map all customers in all the business districts and use Arc GIS to capture and identify all connected customers not being billed			40,000	40,000	20,000	20,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Commercial Manager	
	d) Extend service delivery through Public-Private Partnerships			12,000,000	2,400,000	2,400,000	-	2,400,000	2,400,000	-	2,400,000	2,400,000	-	2,400,000	2,400,000	-	2,400,000	2,400,000	-	2,400,000	2,400,000	-	2,400,000	2,400,000	-	2,400,000	-	Commercial Manager		
Sub-Objective 2: Budget Subtotal (ZMK):																														
				19,277,000	2,821,000	2,801,000	20,000	3,931,000	3,131,000	800,000	3,960,000	900,000	3,060,000	4,160,000	3,105,000	1,100,000	3,060,000	4,405,000	3,105,000	1,100,000	3,060,000	4,405,000	3,105,000	1,100,000	3,060,000	4,405,000	3,105,000	1,300,000	Commercial Manager	
OBJECTIVE 3: BUDGET TOTAL (ZMK):																														
				77,933,000	13,766,000	3,946,000	10,420,000	15,149,000	3,745,000	11,400,000	15,393,000	3,793,000	3,920,000	15,620,000	4,005,000	11,800,000	3,920,000	17,905,000	4,005,000	11,800,000	3,920,000	17,905,000	4,005,000	11,800,000	3,920,000	17,905,000	4,005,000	13,900,000	Commercial Manager	

Sub-Objective 4: Reduction of Non Revenue Water to a sustainable 25% so as to maximize billed revenue														
1. Enhance Water Demand Management Programme in all districts	200,000	-	50,000	150,000	-	200,000	50,000	150,000	200,000	50,000	150,000	200,000	50,000	150,000
2. Pressure management, regulation and monitoring in all District	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000
3) Replace all identified problematic stretches	1,000,000	600,000	600,000	400,000	1,500,000	700,000	800,000	700,000	1,400,000	600,000	700,000	1,200,000	600,000	600,000
5) Improve Meter Accuracy- Reduction of Meter Error (Meter Inaccuracies)	3,600,000	2,500,000		2,500,000	1,000,000	1,000,000			100,000					
6) Replace all identified problematic stretches	195,000	25,000	25,000		35,000	35,000			45,000	45,000	45,000	45,000	45,000	45,000
7) Replace all identified problematic stretches	600,000	120,000	120,000		120,000	120,000			120,000	120,000	120,000	120,000	120,000	120,000
8) Replace all identified problematic stretches	9,375,000	1,875,000	500,000	1,375,000	1,875,000	500,000	1,375,000	1,375,000	1,875,000	500,000	1,375,000	1,875,000	500,000	1,375,000
9) Replace all identified problematic stretches	210,000	70,000	70,000		70,000	70,000			70,000	70,000				
10) Replace all identified problematic stretches	600,000	120,000	120,000		120,000	120,000			120,000	120,000	120,000	120,000	120,000	120,000
11) Replace all identified problematic stretches	120,000	24,000	24,000		24,000	24,000			24,000	24,000	24,000	24,000	24,000	24,000
12) Replace all identified problematic stretches	125,000	25,000	25,000		25,000	25,000			25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000
13) Replace all identified problematic stretches	100,000	20,000	20,000		20,000	20,000			20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
14) Replace all identified problematic stretches	350,000	70,000	70,000		70,000	70,000			70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000
15) Replace all identified problematic stretches	500,000	100,000	100,000		100,000	100,000			100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
16) Replace all identified problematic stretches	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17) Replace all identified problematic stretches	1,250,000	250,000	250,000		250,000	250,000			250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000
18) Replace all identified problematic stretches	120,000	10,000	10,000		110,000	10,000			-	-	-	-	-	-
19) Replace all identified problematic stretches	8,132,360	2,282,360	734,945	1,547,415	1,800,000	650,000	1,150,000	1,800,000	650,000	1,150,000	1,800,000	650,000	1,150,000	1,800,000
20) Replace all identified problematic stretches	33,427,360	8,843,360	2,868,945	5,972,415	7,469,000	3,894,000	3,575,000	6,365,000	2,944,000	2,474,000	3,025,000	5,245,000	2,424,000	2,825,000
Sub-Objective 4: Budget Subtotal (ZMW):														

Sub-Objective 5: Meters-A253-V27-A253-E267: Management and Billing															Finance Manager
1) Maintain 100% Metering Ratio	Ring-fence Meter/Service Charges to enhance meter management	K3.6 Million	Service Charges Ring-fenced Per Annum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2) Ensure 100% Billing Efficiency	To Acquire and install 20,000 Prepaid Water Meters & related Technologies	28,000,000	12,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	12,000,000	12,000,000	300,000	1,000,000	300,000	300,000	12,000,000	-	-	Commercial Manager
3) Creation of DMA	DMA creation starting with this smaller district like Support Petauke (Mambwe, Chadiza, Nyimba, Katete, Chama, Lundazi, etc) and Petauke but Chipata will have a project	2,850,000	1,250,000	1,300,000	1,300,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	300,000	-	-	Technical Manager
4) Fire Hydrants	Meter all fire hydrants and resocile authorized free water consumptions with weekly/monthly fire instances attended to by Usia)	600,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	-	-	Commercial Manager
5) Enhance Prepaid Meter management	iii) Procure Prepaid Meters for New Connections (10,000 Units for the Period)	20,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	3,880,000	3,880,000	120,000	120,000	120,000	120,000	3,880,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	Commercial Manager
6) Enhance Prepaid Meter management	To Acquire and install 20,000 (i.e. 4,000 Units of K12 Million per Annum) Prepaid Water Meters & related Technologies by 2025	58,000,000	12,000,000	12,000,000	12,000,000	11,000,000	11,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	11,000,000	11,000,000	11,000,000	Commercial Manager
Sub-Objective 5: Budget subtotal (ZMK):		109,450,000	29,450,000	21,500,000	21,500,000	27,880,000	27,880,000	1,570,000	1,570,000	1,570,000	1,570,000	26,880,000	15,000,000	15,000,000	14,880,000
Sub-Objective 6: Improve Working Capital Management through enhanced															H&A Manager
REVENUE COLLECTIONS	i) Performance Management: Implement performance incentive schemes.	1,640,000	328,000	328,000	328,000	328,000	328,000	328,000	328,000	328,000	328,000	328,000	328,000	328,000	
	ii) Use of External Debt Collection Agencies (Self-financing)	600,000	-	-	-	-	-	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	Commercial Manager
	iii) Use of Credit Rating and Reference Agencies to trigger appropriate decisions on sales, collections, and new connections	600,000	-	-	-	-	-	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	Commercial Manager
	iv) Eliminate Payment Barriers: Increase alternate channels for revenue collection.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Commercial Manager
	v) Disconnections: Use modern technology in service disconnection on default; e.g. use of Automatic Meter Reading / Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMR/AMI) for remote disconnections.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Commercial Manager
	vi) Lockable Valves: To install 10,000 Lockable Valves for ease of service disconnections.	1,500,000	750,000	750,000	750,000	750,000	750,000	750,000	750,000	750,000	750,000	750,000	750,000	750,000	Commercial Manager
	vii) Pre-paid Water Metering: For assured revenue collections	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Commercial Manager
Sub-Objective 6: Budget subtotal (ZMK):		4,340,000	1,078,000	1,078,000	1,078,000	1,078,000	1,078,000	1,378,000	1,378,000	1,378,000	1,378,000	628,000	628,000	628,000	

Sub-Objective 6: Implement Cost Reduction Strategies and Control Measures to																
Reduce Energy Cost and Promote Energy Efficiency	a) Engage ZESCO to ensure continuous power supply to evade production loss due to load-management on all EWSC Water Treatment Plants (WTPs) and lobby for dedicated power lines	3,000	3,000	3,000	100,000	100,000	3,000									
		8,500,000	100,000	100,000	1,600,000	100,000	1,500,000	2,800,000	100,000	2,700,000	2,300,000	100,000	2,000,000	1,900,000	100,000	1,800,000
	b) Implement the Energy Reduction Strategy (LEDs in all the plants, Capacitor Bank, Pumping time, Energy efficient pumps, air blowers, dosing equipment, energy usage report, etc)															
	c) Solar Plants at EWSC Water Treatment Plants (WTPs)	30,300,000	-													
	d) Solar Plants at Njumba well field															
	e) Solar Plants at Petauke well field															
	f) Solar Plants at Chama well field															
	g) Solar Plants at Chadiza low lift															
	h) Development natural spring to supply water through gravity (No use of power)															
	i) Reduce Casualization by outsourcing/mechanization and automating processes	3,600,000	600,000	300,000	300,000	300,000	1,200,000	600,000	900,000	900,000						
2. Reduce Staff Cost and Promote Staff Efficiency	j) Implement an OT reduction strategy															
	k) Introduce an inhouse contributory pension scheme															
	l) Automate dosing equipment															
	m) Develop a fleet plan															
	n) Reduce Chemical Costs															
	o) Reduce Maintenance Costs															
	p) Acquire at least two (2) new fleet each year to boost fleet resources															
	q) Migrate to compact, robust pipe material															
4) Engage neighborhood watch in communities to help curtail vandalism	r) Procure 5 motorbikes															
	s) Organise meetings with Neighbourhood Watch groups															
Sub-Objective 6: Budget Subtotal (ZMK):		42,403,000	703,000	403,000	300,000	9,100,000	1,000,000	8,300,000	11,600,000	10,600,000	10,100,000	100,000	10,000,000	10,900,000	100,000	10,800,000
1. Establish water and sewerage asset management system	t) Review asset inventory companywide															
	u) Revised Asset Inventory in place, Comprehensive (Companywide) Infrastructure Development Plan in place															
b) Explore the automation of asset management systems	v) Automated Asset Management System	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000										
Sub-Objective 6: BUDGET TOTAL (ZMK):		193,380,360	42,272,360	8,119,945	34,152,415	40,977,000	13,422,000	27,555,000	47,127,000	40,905,000	31,227,000	3,322,000	27,905,000	31,777,000	3,272,000	28,505,000
OBJECTIVE 6: BUDGET TOTAL (ZMK):																

Strategic Objective 5 Capacity Development to meet the															
Sub-Objective 1: Business Reorganization															
1) Re-organize staffing for excellence in service delivery.	a) Undertake a comprehensive job evaluation exercise to ensure accountability and optimal productivity for organizational success.	Revised, Approved and Distributed:	-	15,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000	HRA Manager	
		Organisational Structure	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Job Descriptions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Training Plan and Budget	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Salary Structure	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		New HR-related Policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		100% Staff Re-alignment; all those who would require capacity development across the board.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		All Identified Staff (Implemented as per Training Plan)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Implement Structure	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	HRA Manager
		Competitive wage and salary levels.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2. Ensure Personal Development	a) Recruit Qualified Staff to fill the revised Organizational Structure and implement multi-skilling for available staff hired for Revised Jobs after multi-tasking.	100% New Recruitments are Qualified for the positions being hired for; revised Jobs after multi-tasking.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
		100% of All Approved Job Positions filled in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Implemented training policy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Support all Staff to acquire the minimum qualifications for available positions and for their personal development.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Implement external and in-house trainings and knowledge transfer programmes.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Less than 2% Annual Staff Turnover; 100% of Staff Achieving Minimum Performance Scores; 100% of Budgeted Positions Recruited.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Approved succession plan in place; Number of Promotions Done	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		100% of staff sign Performance Contracts and at least 98% of them reach the minimum performance benchmark of 75% at any of their periodic performance appraisals (as set out in their individual performance contracts).	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		PMS training conducted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	HRA Manager
		Change Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3. Implement Staff retention measures and succession planning	b) Enhance capacity in all the relevant business training needs	NRW, Water Quality, Meter Management, Water Network Management, GIS.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
		Computer Aided Audit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Techniques/Tools	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Customer service training	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		ERP and Billing System Training	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		1,800,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		200,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		150,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		200,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		1,200,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4. Implementation Performance Management System	a) Implement Comprehensive Staff Performance Management and Development System (PMDS) based on revised job responsibilities	200,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
		1,800,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
		200,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
		150,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
		200,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
		1,200,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
		850,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
		36,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		850,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		150,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sub-Objective 4: Budget Subtotal (ZMW):		30,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
		1,400,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	1,900,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Strategic Objective 6: Adherence to Sub-Objective 1: Environmental responsiveness															
1) Develop a sustainable waste management strategy to promote environmental protection	2) Promote and enhance a culture of personal stewardship towards the environment and work premises cleanliness.	3) Promote environmentally friendly programs to safeguard water catchment areas	4) Promote eco-printing of paper statements	5) Protection of Water Sources	6) Water Catchment management	7) Sewage collection treatment and disposal	8) Explore the possibility of using solar energy, wind energy and biogas in WSS systems	Budget Subtotal (ZMK):	OBJECTIVE 6: BUDGET TOTAL (ZMK):	GRAND TOTAL	Technical Manager	Public Relations Officer	Public Relations Officer	ICT Officer	Technical Manager
Waste management policy / plan in place	Waste management strategy / plan in place	5000 trees planted	Printing of Statements brought to and end	Enhanced Security of water sources; Secured Title Deeds; Trees Planted, etc.	Monitor catchment activities	Monitor growth of trees and protection reports	Proposal developed								
300,000	60,000	42,000	-	116,000	20,000	150,000	-	3,000,000	13,006,000	1,072,743,700	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000
		30,000	-	33,000	20,000	30,000	-	3,000,000	4,751,000	77,984,360					





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